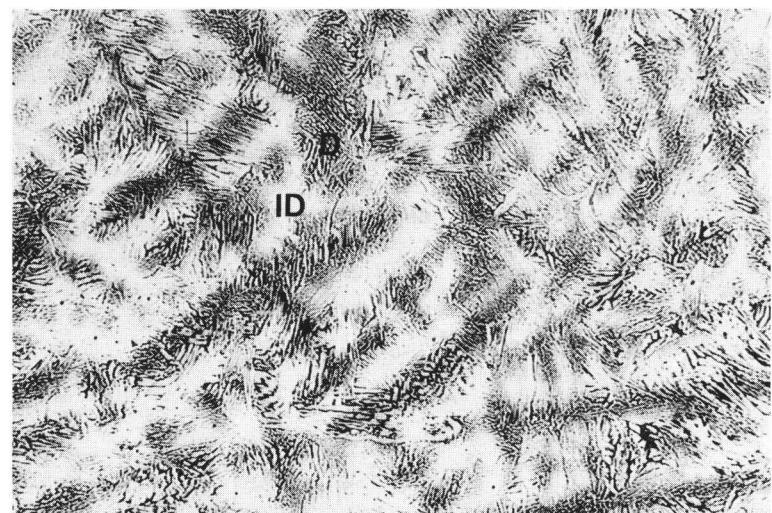
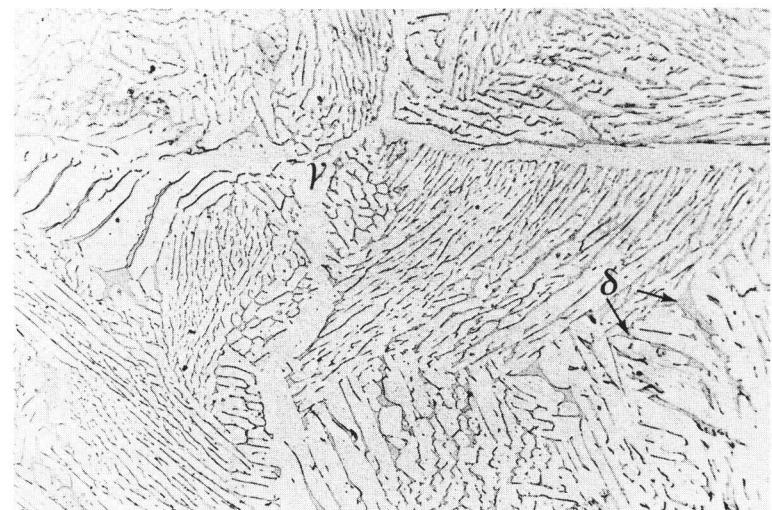
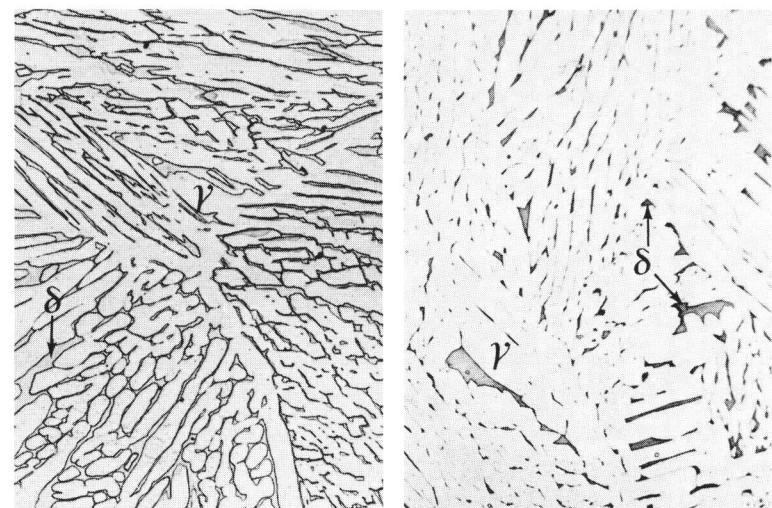


**Figure 5** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$  $(d_{1200} = 300 \mu\text{m})$ Former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D).

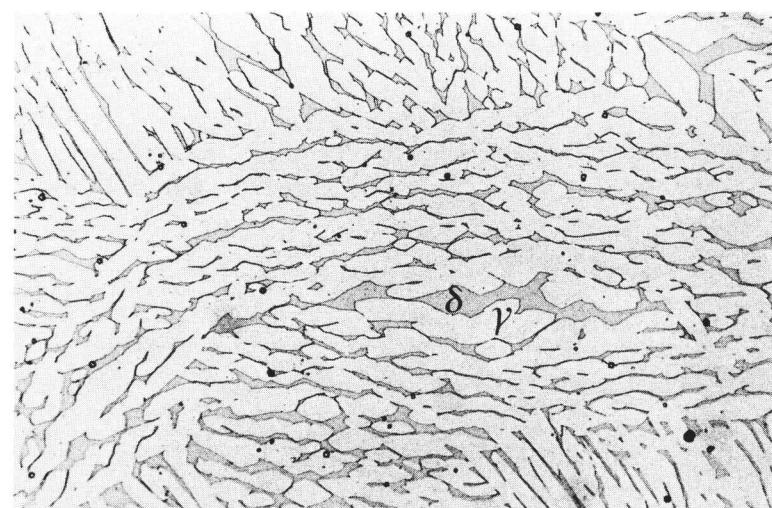
White interdendritic areas (ID).

(Most of the  $\delta$  transformed to  $\gamma$  by the peritectic reaction and transformation.) $\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 6** $R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1325^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

13 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

Figures 6–9: Note that the residual ferrite only appears in the former  $\delta$ -dendrites. $\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 7** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1325^{\circ}\text{C}$ 19 vol-% dendritic ferrite ( $\delta$ ).**Figure 8** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 9 vol-% dendritic ferrite ( $\delta$ ). $\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 9** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1325^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

20 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

 $\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$ 

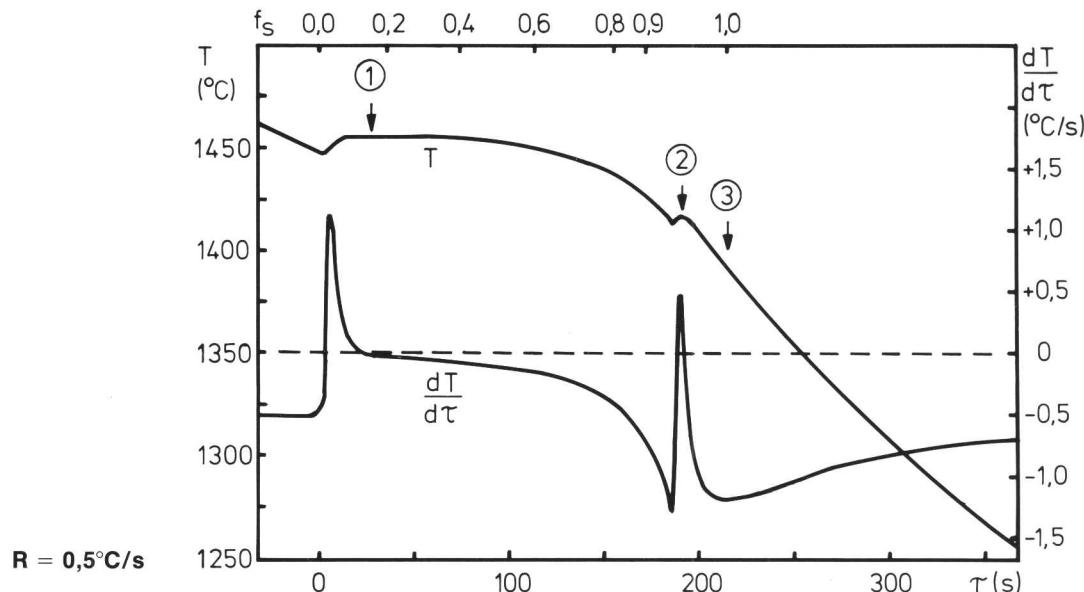
**STEEL 403. 0,02 % C 19 % Cr 10 % Ni STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
(2352)	304L	1.4316

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,019	0,31	0,94	0,009	0,010	19,5	10,2	0,11	0,03	0,05	0,002	0,044

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,74$$

**Thermal Analysis**

	Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)		
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, ferritic primary phase, °C ①	1447	1455	1453
Temperature of austenite formation, °C ②	1404	1415	1418
Solidus temperature, °C ③	1365	1390	1405
Solidification range, °C	80	65	50
Solidification time, s	90	220	610
Fraction solidified as ferrite, %	91	92	98

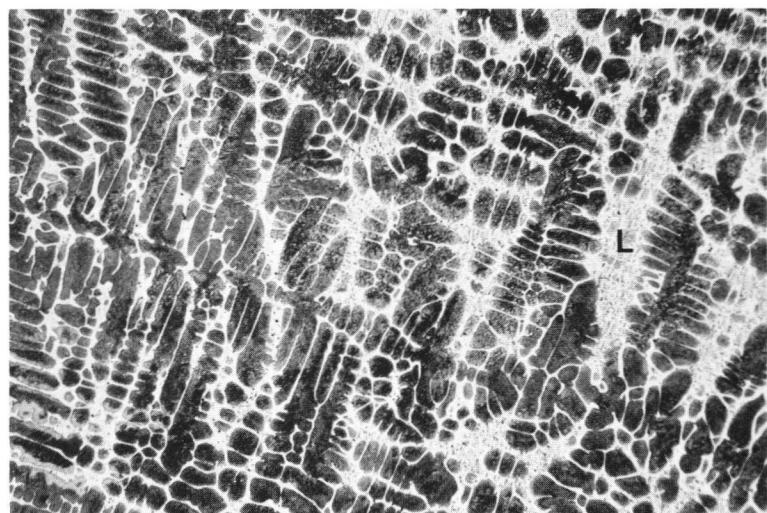
**Precipitates**

Microsegregation				
Element	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni
I	1,6	1,5	1,1	1,5
P <sub>D</sub>			1,2	0,7
R = 0,5 °C/s Tq = 1340 °C				

**Partly solidified****Figure 1**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1450^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 65 \mu\text{m}$   
 $\delta$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L).

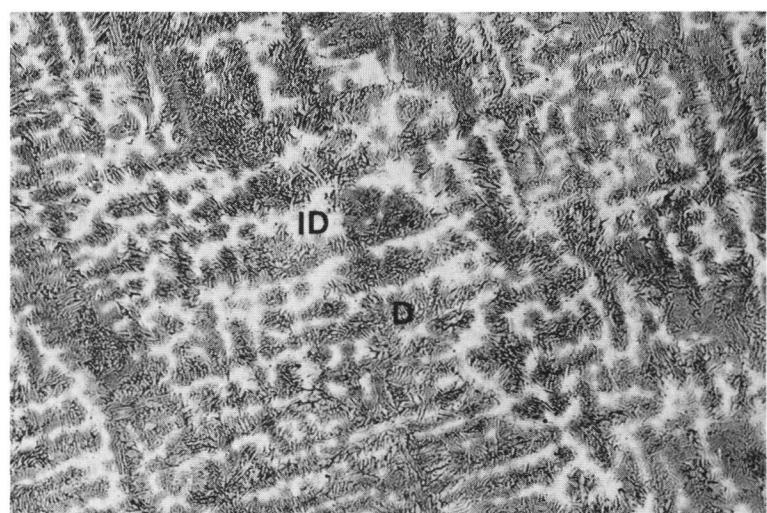
$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Completely solidified****Figure 2**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 130 \mu\text{m}$

Figures 2–4: Former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D).  
 White interdendritic areas (ID).  
 (Most of the  $\delta$  transformed to  $\gamma$  by the peritectic reaction and transformation.)

$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 3**

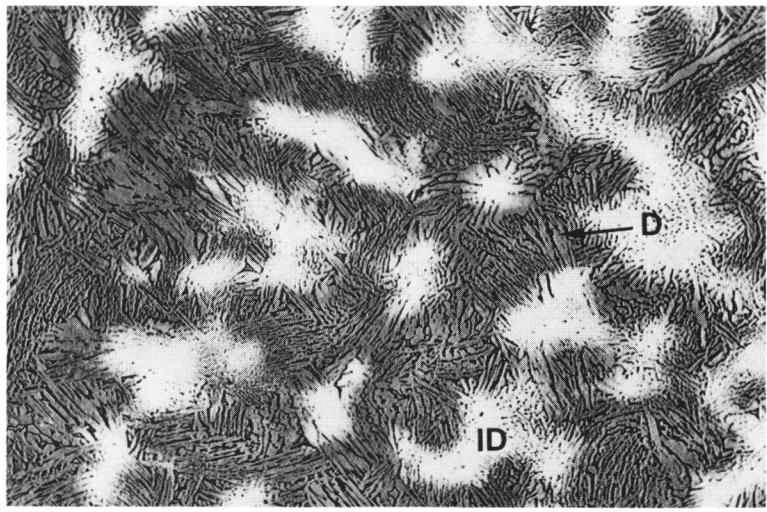
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 160 \mu\text{m}$

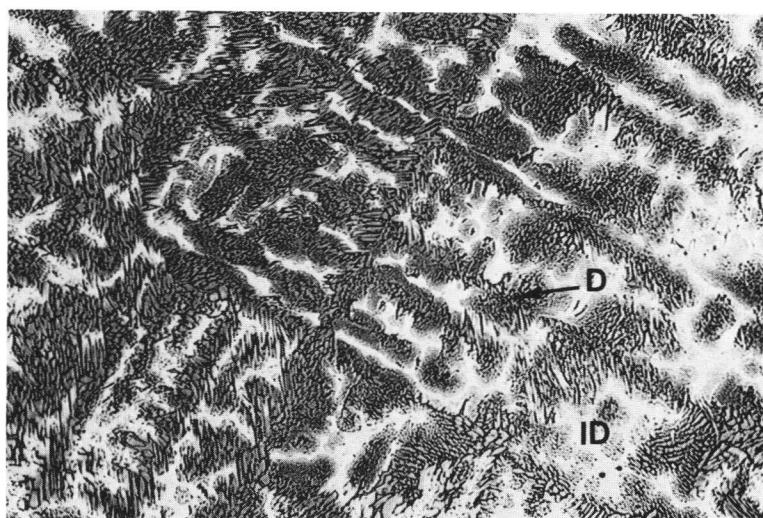
$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 4**

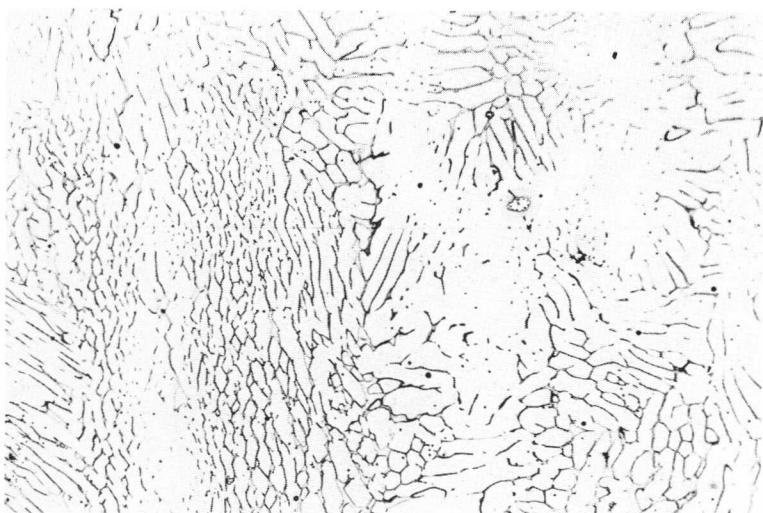
$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 500 \mu\text{m}$

$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

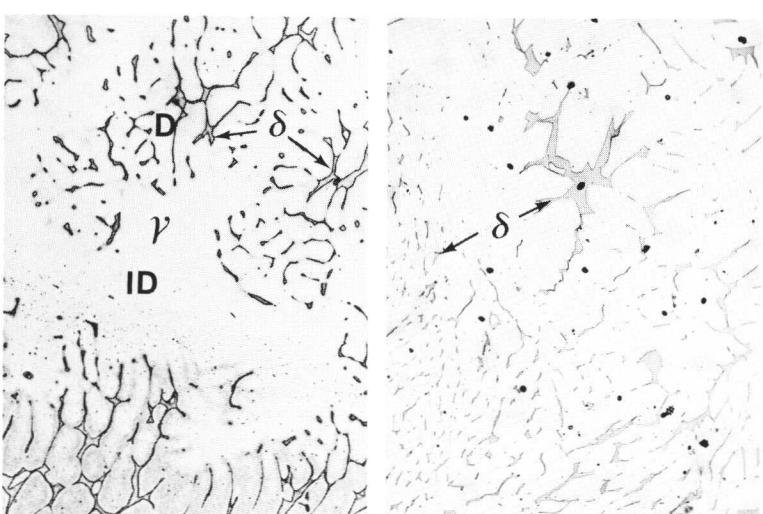


**Figure 5** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$  $(d_{1200} = 170 \mu\text{m})$ Former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D).

White interdendritic areas (ID).

(Most of the  $\delta$  transformed to  $\gamma$  by the peritectic reaction and transformation.) $400 \mu\text{m} \times 25$ **Figure 6** $R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

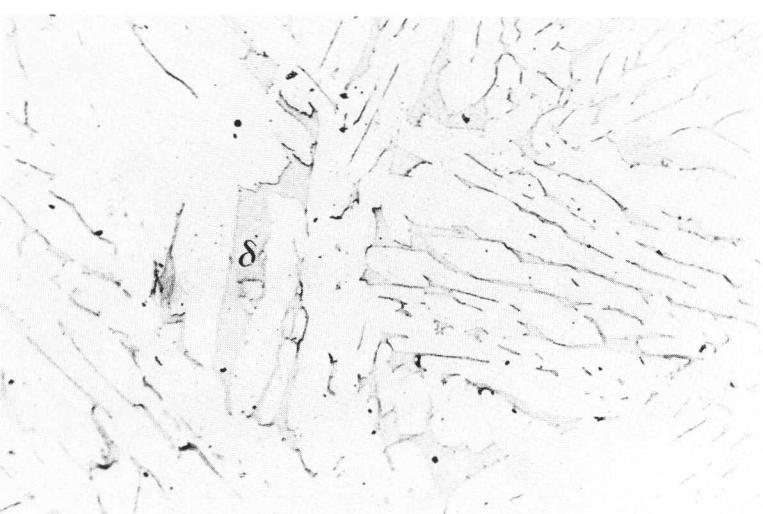
11 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

Figures 6–9: Note that the residual ferrite only appears in the former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D). $100 \mu\text{m} \times 150$ **Figure 7** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

13 vol-% dendritic

(D) ferrite ( $\delta$ ).**Figure 8** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

5,8 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

 $100 \mu\text{m} \times 150$ **Figure 9** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

9 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

 $100 \mu\text{m} \times 150$

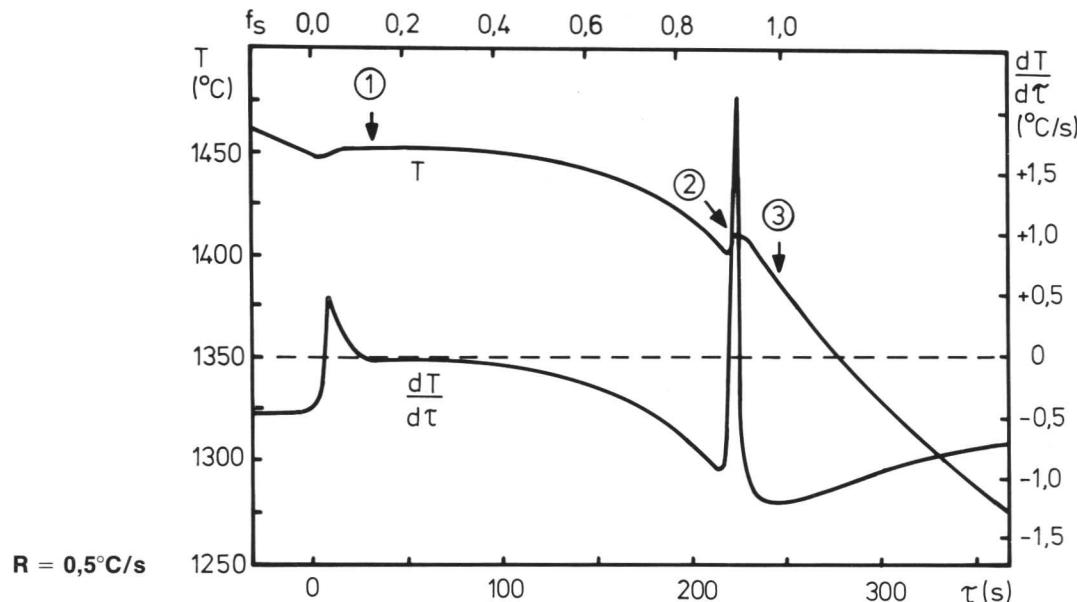
**STEEL 404. 0,04 % C 18 % Cr 9 % Ni STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
2333	304	1.4301

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,036	0,44	1,25	0,025	0,010	18,4	9,1	0,38	0,20	0,25	0,002	0,081

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,68$$

**Thermal Analysis****Average Cooling Rate, R, ( $^{\circ}\text{C/s}$ )**

	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, ferritic primary phase, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (1)	1452	1451	1452
Temperature of austenite formation, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (2)	1423	1409	1424
Solidus temperature, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (3)	1365	1385	1405
Solidification range, $^{\circ}\text{C}$	90	65	50
Solidification time, s	100	250	720
Fraction solidified as ferrite, %	84	82	86

**Precipitates**

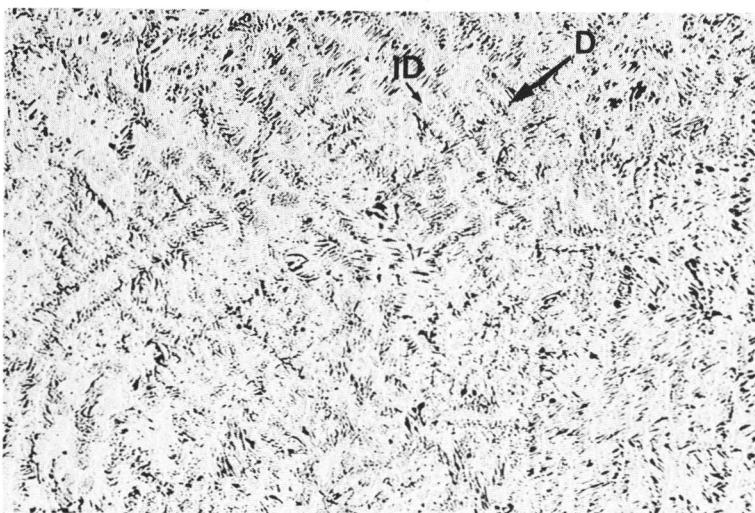
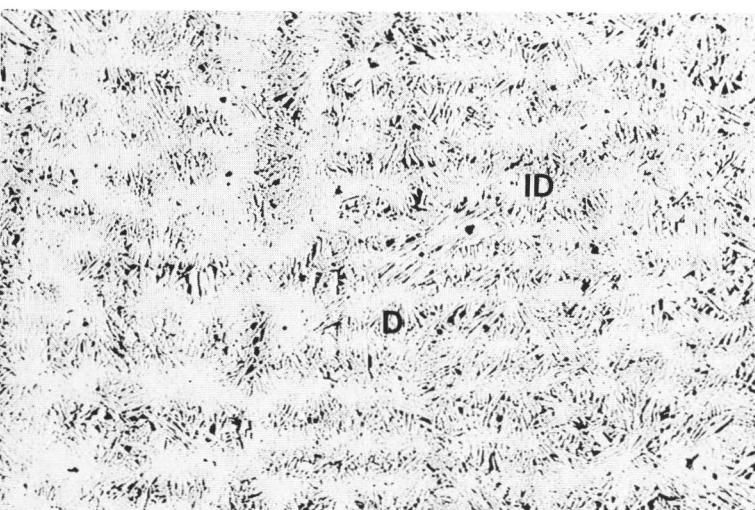
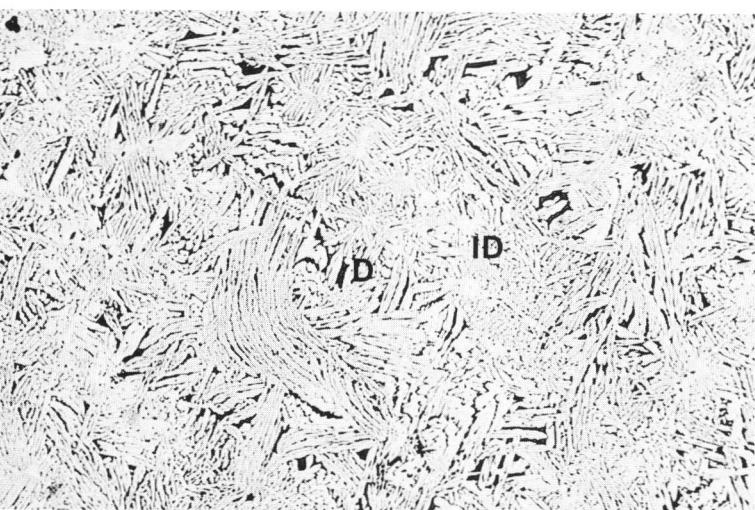
—

**Microsegregation**

Element	Mn	Cr	Ni
I	1,2	1,1	1,3
P <sub>D</sub>		1,2	0,7

$$R = 0,5 \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C/s}$$

$$T_q = 1340 \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}$$

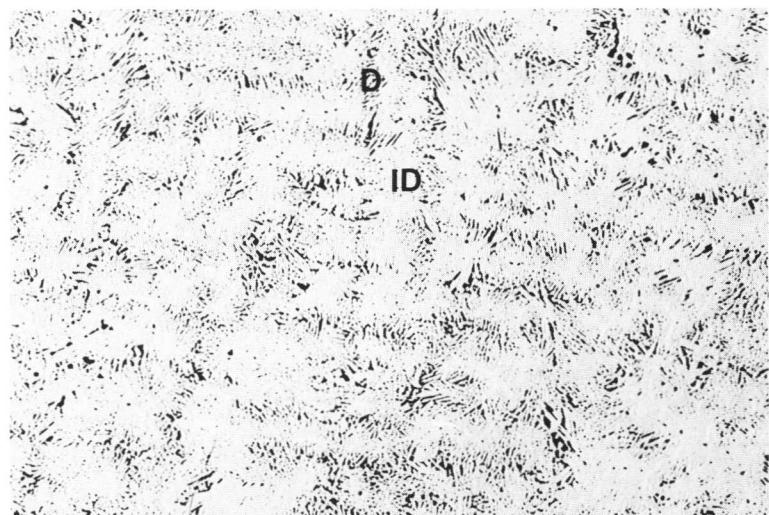
**Partly solidified****Figure 1** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1447^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 40 \mu\text{m}$  $\delta$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L).400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$ **Completely solidified****Figure 2** $R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 125 \mu\text{m}$ Figures 2–4: Former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D). White interdendritic areas (ID).(Most of the  $\delta$  transformed to  $\gamma$  by the peritectic reaction and transformation.)400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$ **Figure 3** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 190 \mu\text{m}$ 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$ **Figure 4** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 340 \mu\text{m}$ 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$

**Figure 5**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $(d_{1200} = 200\mu\text{m})$   
Former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D).  
White interdendritic areas (ID).

(Most of the  $\delta$  transformed to  $\gamma$  by the peritectic reaction and transformation.)

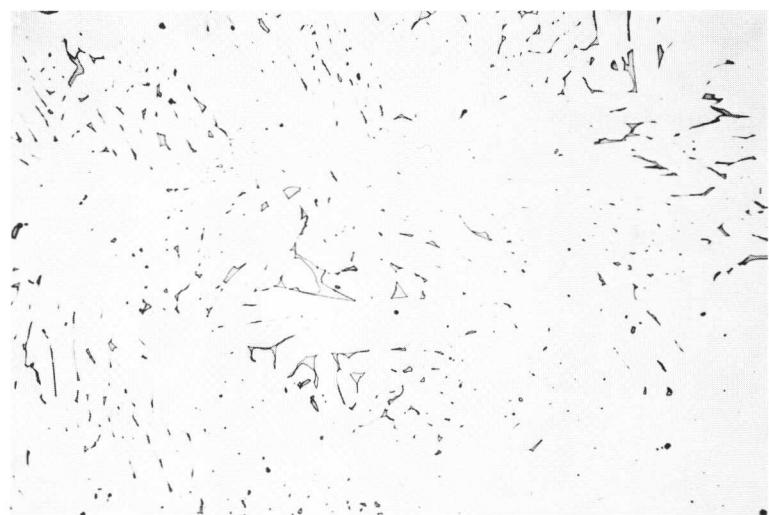
$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 6**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$   
2,3 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

Figures 6–9: Note that the residual ferrite only appears in the former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D).

$\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$

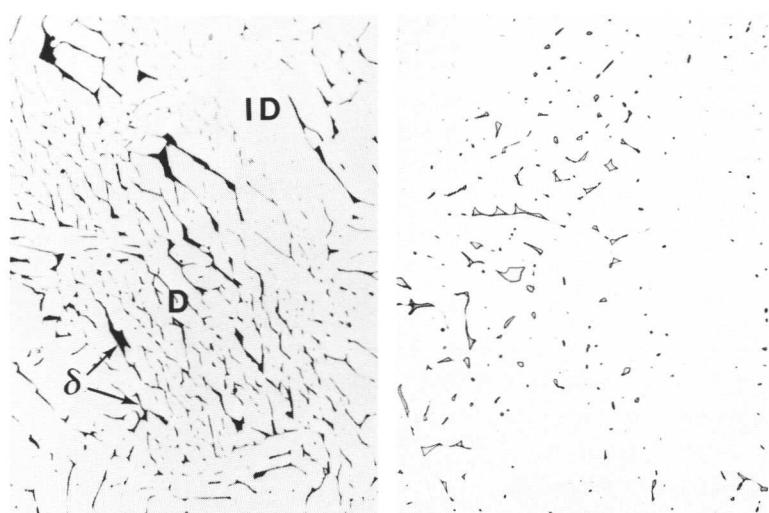
**Figure 7**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$   
4,7 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

**Figure 8**

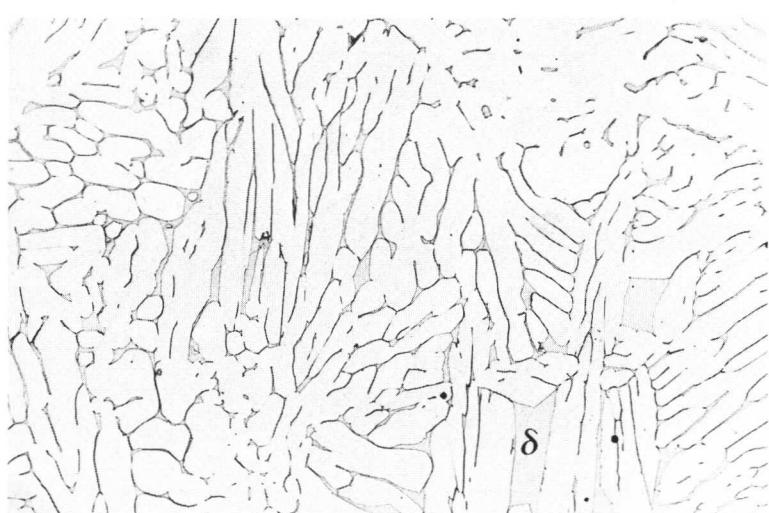
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
2,0 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

$\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 9**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1340^{\circ}\text{C}$   
10 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

$\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$



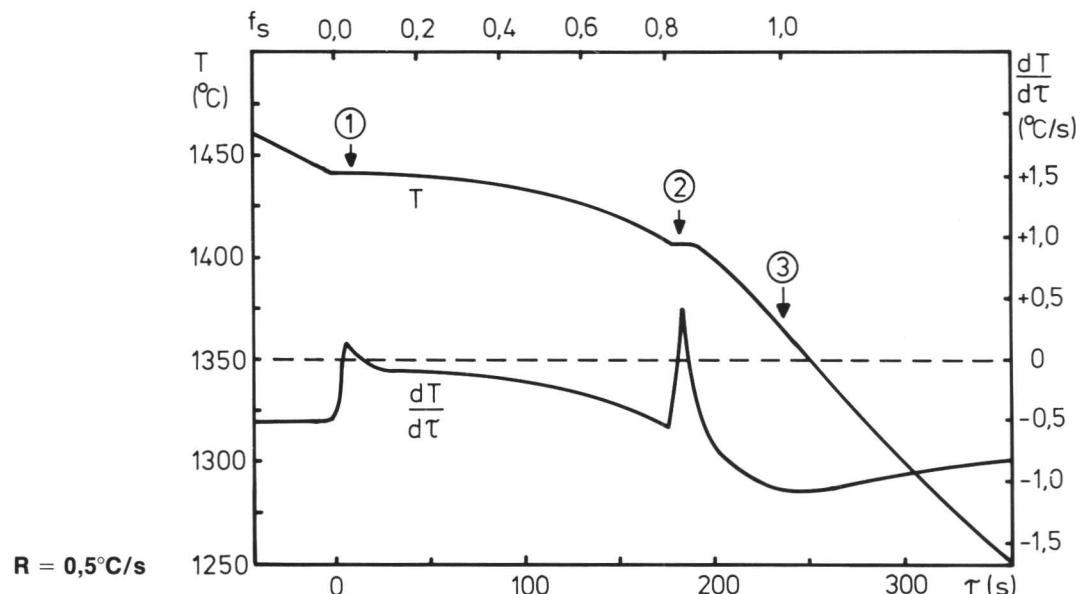
**STEEL 405. 0,07 % C 17 % Cr 10 % Ni Ti STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
2337	321	1.4541

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Ti	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,068	0,59	1,44	0,028	0,001	17,2	10,3	0,47	0,24	0,27	0,51	0,048	0,005

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,61$$

**Thermal Analysis**

	Average Cooling Rate, R, ( $^{\circ}\text{C/s}$ )		
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, ferritic primary phase, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ①	1436	1440	1440
Temperature of austenite formation, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ②	1397	1406	1412
Solidus temperature, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ③	1335	1370	1390
Solidification range, $^{\circ}\text{C}$	100	70	50
Solidification time, s	105	235	680
Fraction solidified as ferrite, %	82	82	82

**Precipitates**

Ti(CN), (see figures 6–8).

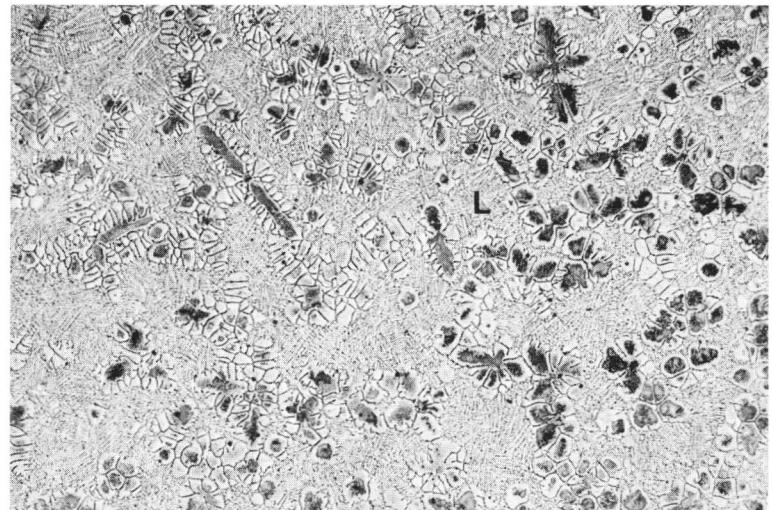
**Microsegregation**

Element	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	R = 0,5 °C/s Tq = 1320 °C
I	1,6	1,6	1,1	1,5	
P <sub>D</sub>			1,2	0,7	

**Partly solidified****Figure 1**

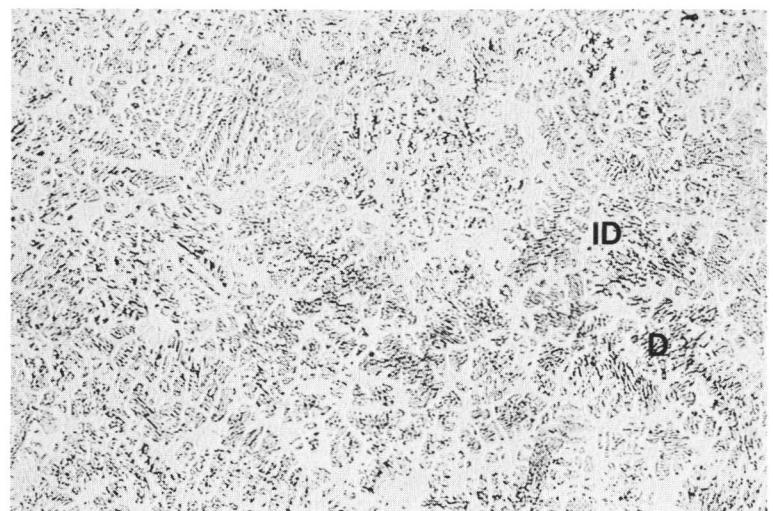
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1430^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 50 \mu\text{m}$   
 $\delta$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L).

$\times 25$  

**Completely solidified****Figure 2**

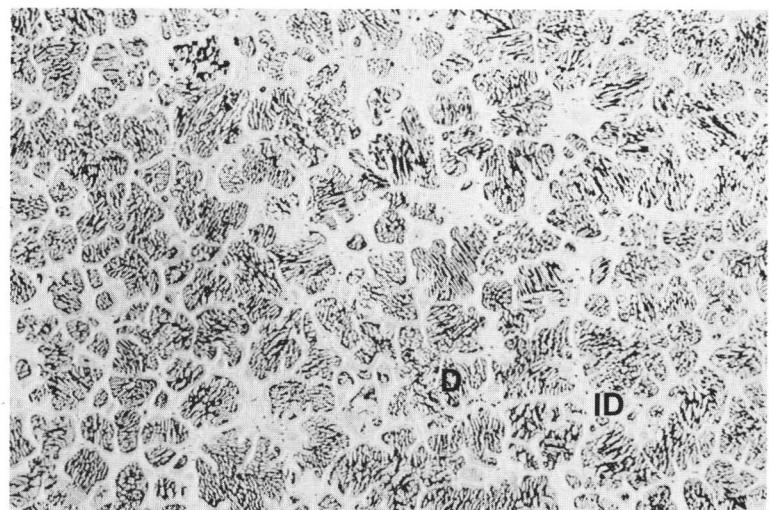
$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 85 \mu\text{m}$   
 Figures 2–4: Former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D).  
 White interdendritic areas (ID).  
 (Most of the  $\delta$  transformed to  $\gamma$  by the peritectic reaction and transformation.)

$\times 25$  

**Figure 3**

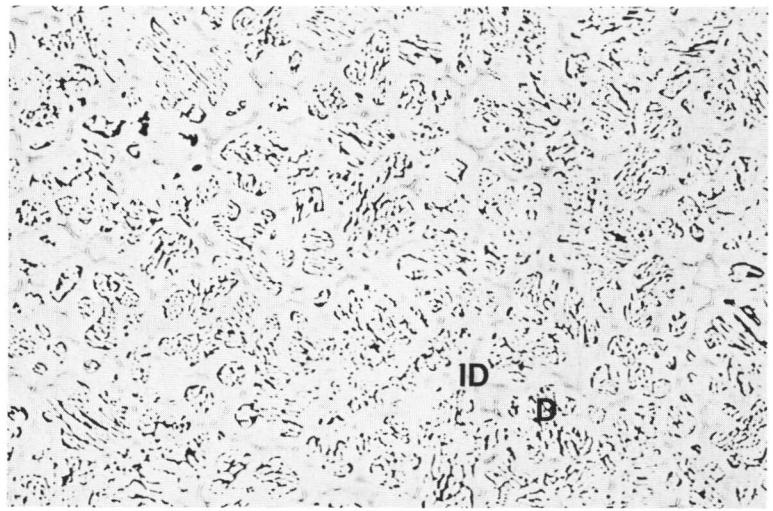
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 110 \mu\text{m}$

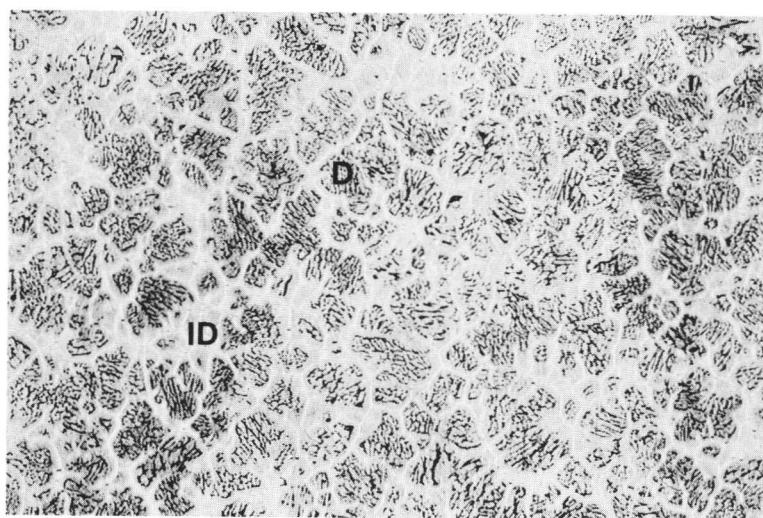
$\times 25$  

**Figure 4**

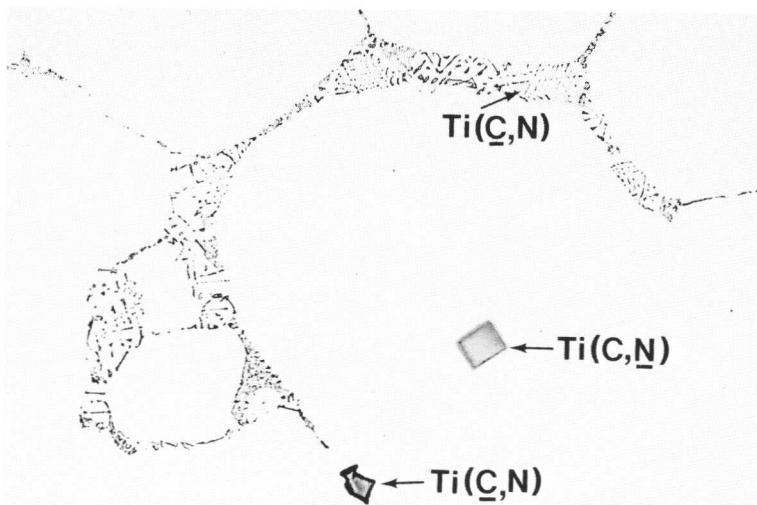
$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 200 \mu\text{m}$

$\times 25$  

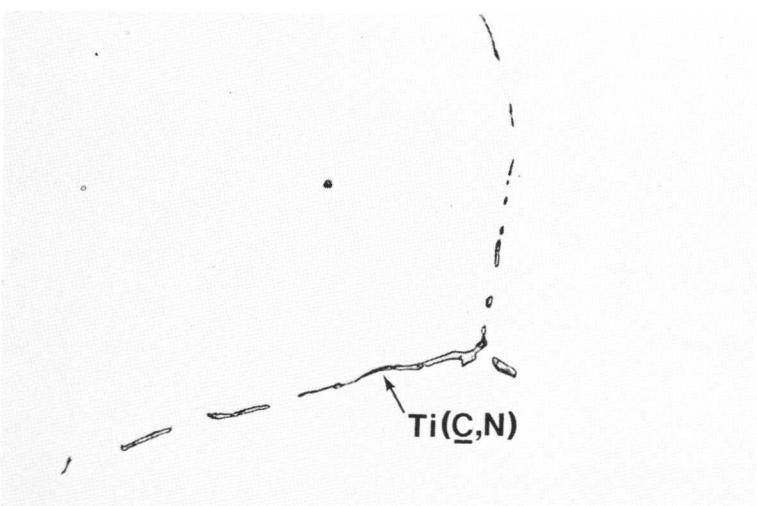


**Figure 5** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$  $(d_{1200} = 150 \mu\text{m})$ Former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D).

White interdendritic areas (ID).

(Most of the  $\delta$  transformed to  $\gamma$  by the peritectic reaction and transformation.) $400 \mu\text{m} \times 25$ **Figure 6** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1380^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Ti (C,N)

 $10 \mu\text{m} \times 1000$ **Figure 7** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Coalesced eutectic Ti(C,N).

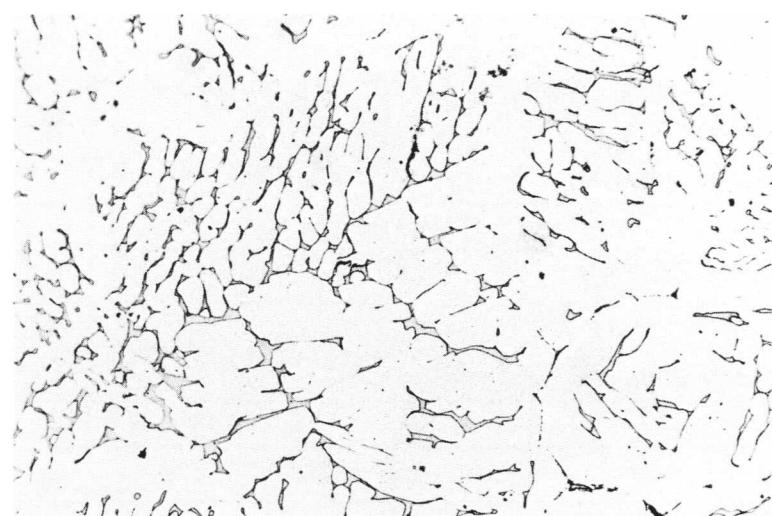
 $10 \mu\text{m} \times 1000$ **Figure 8** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1380^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Formation of eutectic Ti(C,N).

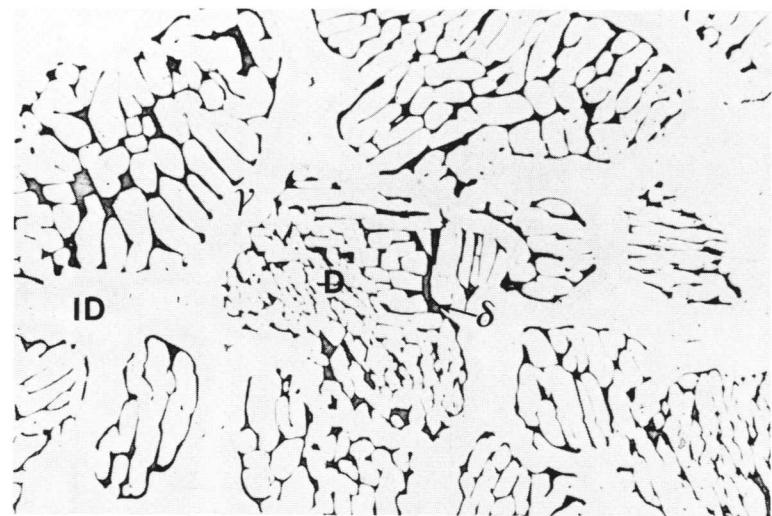
 $(L \rightarrow \text{Ti(C,N)} + \gamma)$  $10 \mu\text{m} \times 1000$

**Figure 9** $R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

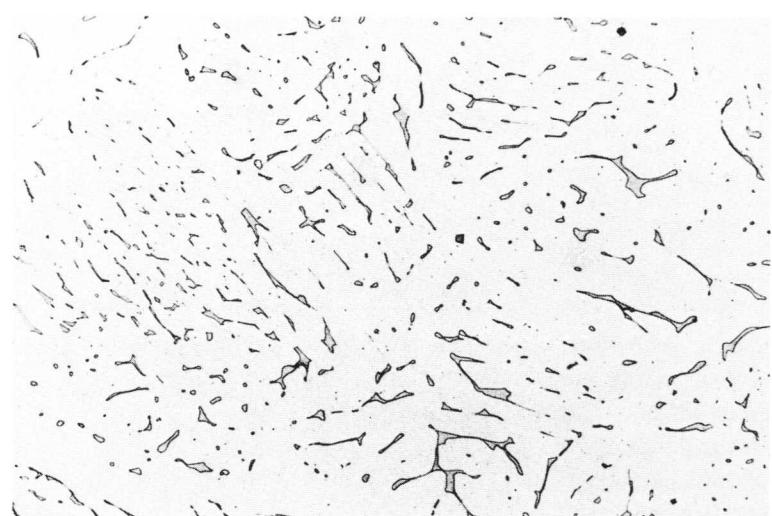
6 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

Figures 9–12: Note that the residual ferrite only appears in the former  $\delta$ -dendrites (D). $\times 150 \quad 100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 10** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

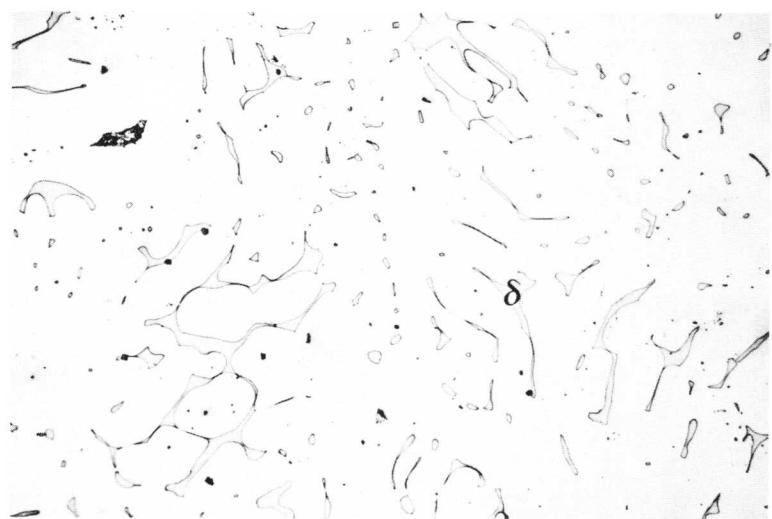
8 vol-% dendritic ferrite.

 $\times 150 \quad 100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 11** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

4,1 vol-% dendritic ferrite

 $\times 150 \quad 100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 12** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

4,8 vol-% dendritic ferrite

 $\times 150 \quad 100 \mu\text{m}$ 

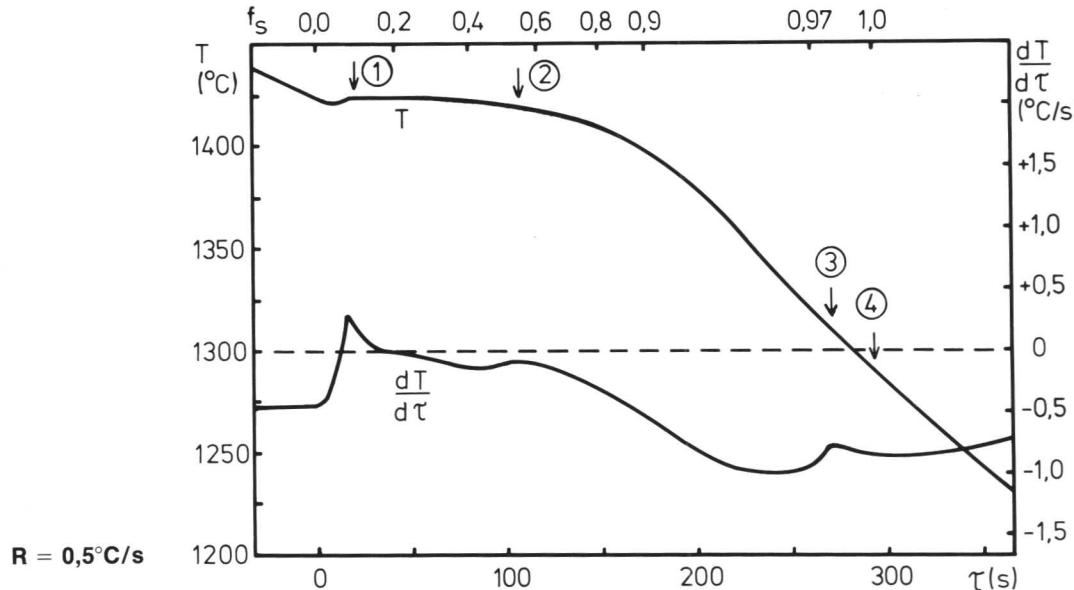
**STEEL 406. 0,05 % C 17 % Cr 12 % Ni 2,8 %Mo Nb STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
—	316 Cb	1.4583

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Nb	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,052	0,44	1,71	0,013	0,007	17,2	12,6	2,80	0,03	0,03	0,54	0,004	0,010

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,58$$

**Thermal Analysis****Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)**

	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, ferritic and austenitic primary phases, °C ①	1420	1423	1424
Temperature of maximum rate of formation of austenite, °C ②	1410	1418	1417
Temperature of carbide formation, °C ③	1330 – 1275	1330 – 1290	1330 – 1305
Solidus temperature, °C ④	1275	1290	1305
Solidification range, °C	145	130	120
Solidification time, s	130	300	1240
Fraction solidified as ferrite, %	<60	<45	<42

**Precipitates**

1. Interdendritic ferrite, (see figures 4, 6–11).
2. Eutectic NbC, (see figures 6, 7, 9–11).

**Microsegregation**

Element	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	R = 0,5 °C/s	Tq = 1285 °C
I	1,7	1,5	1,1	1,4		
P <sub>D</sub>			1,3	0,6		
P <sub>ID</sub>			1,1	0,8		

## Partly solidified

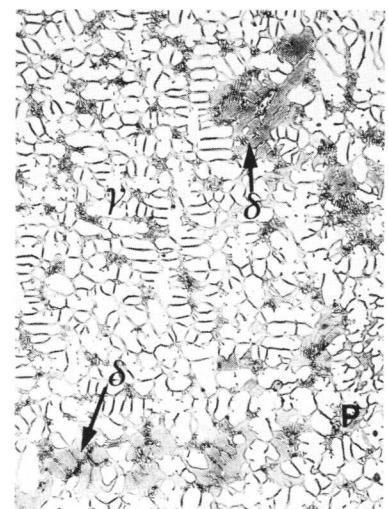
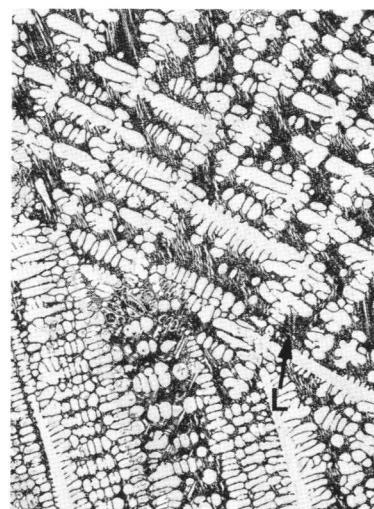
**Figure 1a**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1423^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 45 \mu\text{m}$   
 $\delta$ -dendrites and  
quenched liquid (L).

**Figure 1b**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1415^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 45 \mu\text{m}$   
 $\delta$ -dendrites,  
 $\gamma$ -dendrites and  
quenched liquid  
(L). Peritectic  
reaction (P).

$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$



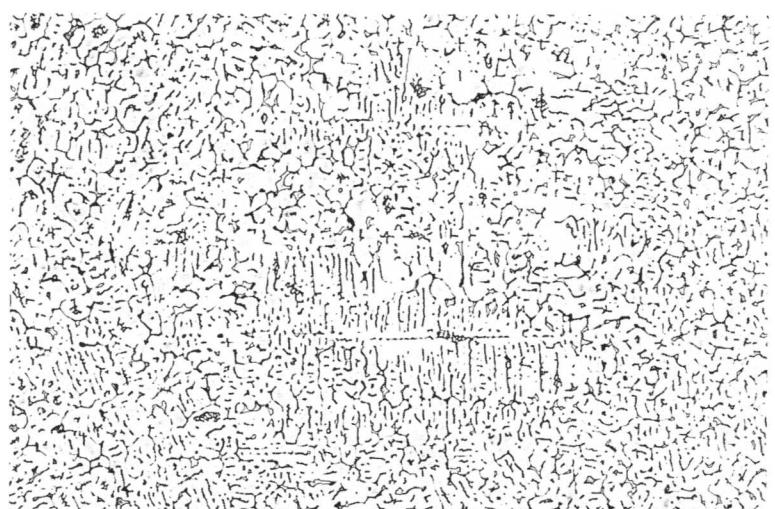
## Completely solidified

**Figure 2**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1270^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 65 \mu\text{m}$

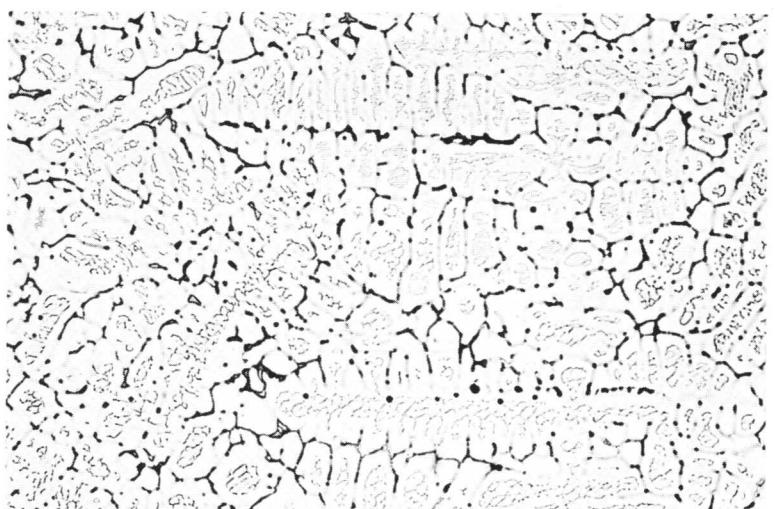
Figures 2–3: Former  $\delta$ -dendrites,  $\gamma$ -dendrites,  
dendritic and interdendritic ferrite, (compare fi-  
gures 8–9).

$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 3**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1285^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 80 \mu\text{m}$

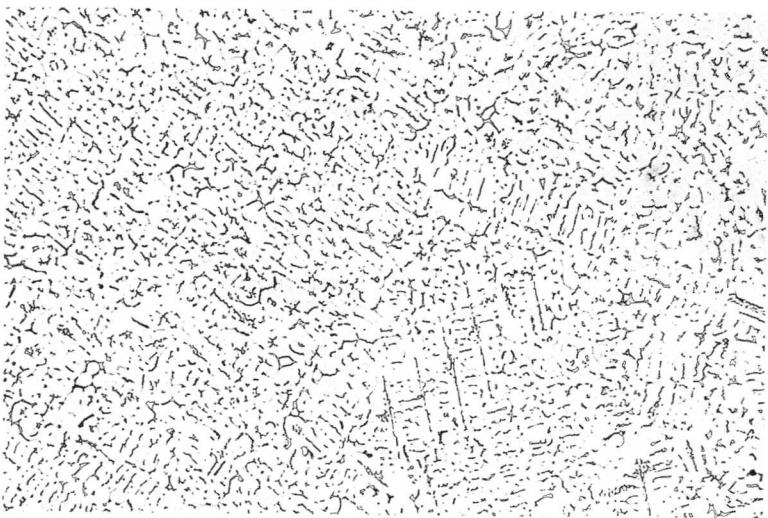
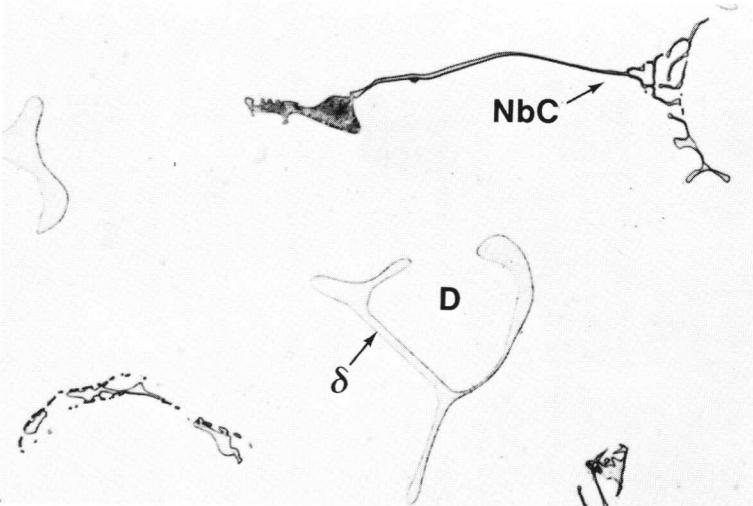
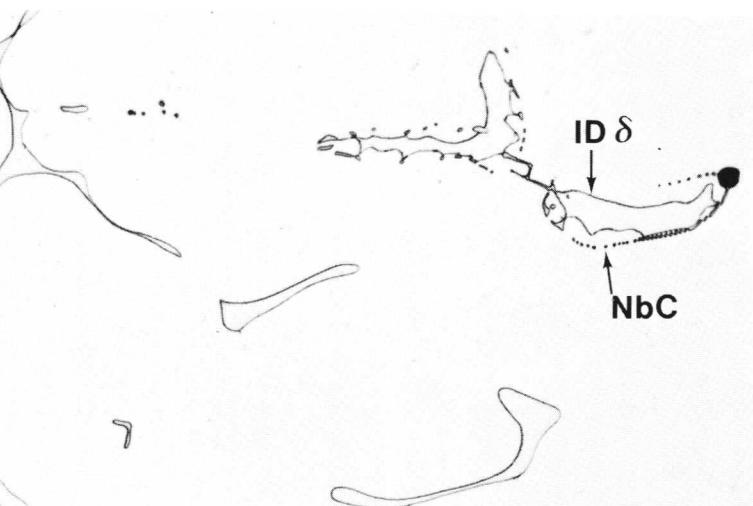
$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 4**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 135 \mu\text{m}$

Former  $\delta$ -dendrites, dendritic and interdendritic  
ferrite, (compare figure 11).

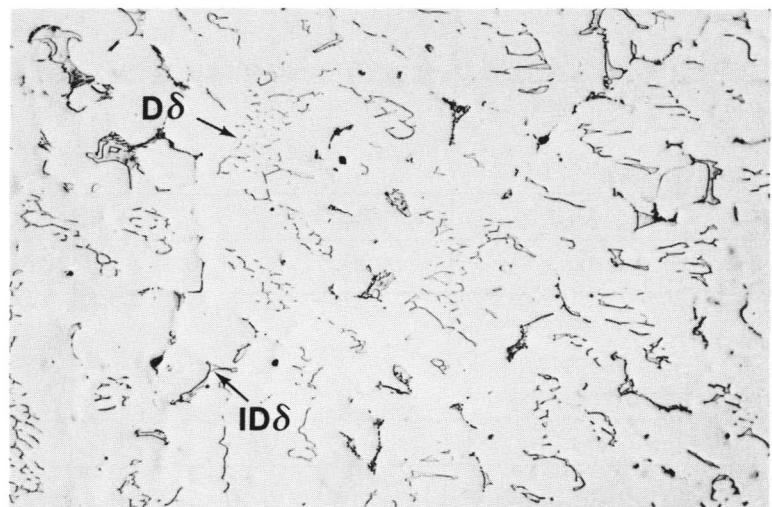
$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 5** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$  $(d_{1200} = 85\mu\text{m})$ Former  $\delta$ -dendrites,  $\gamma$ -dendrites, dendritic and interdendritic ferrite, (compare figure 10).400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$ **Figure 6** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$ Eutectic NbC and dendritic (D) ferrite ( $\delta$ ).25  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 600$ **Figure 7** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$ Solid state precipitation of NbC around interdendritic ferrite ( $\text{ID}\delta$ ).25  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 600$

**Figure 8**

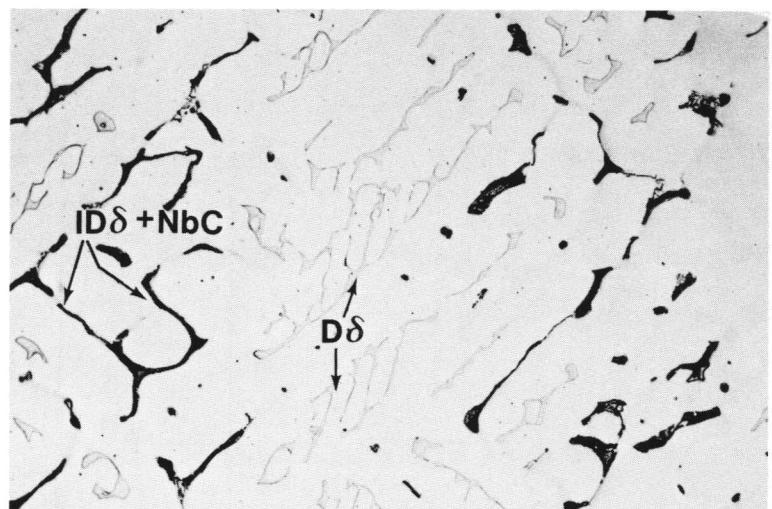
$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1270^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 4,0 vol-% ferrite, dendritic ( $D\delta$ ) and interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ).

$\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 9**

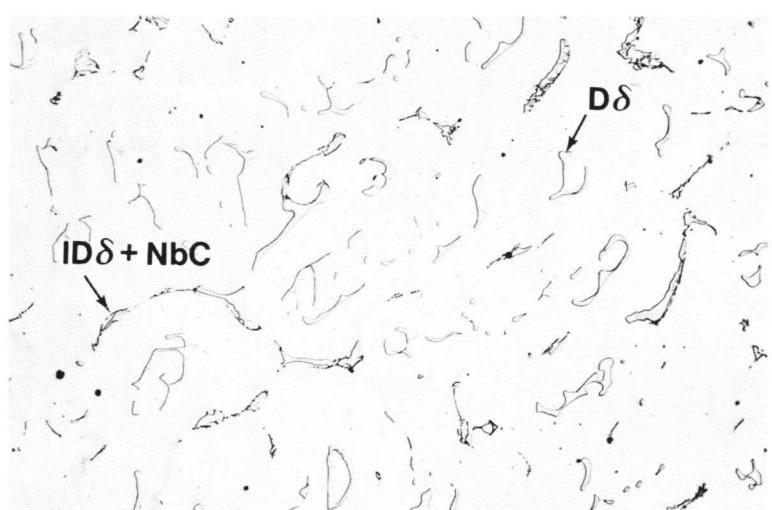
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1285^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 4,0 vol-% ferrite, dendritic ( $D\delta$ ) and interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ).

$\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 10**

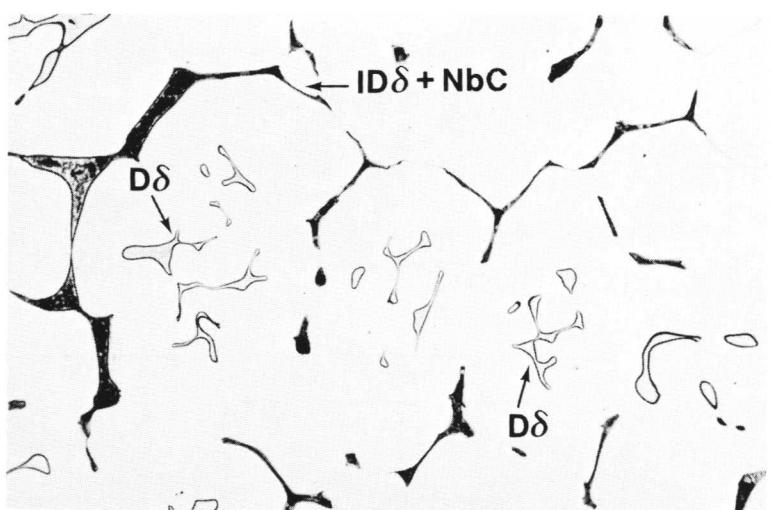
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 2,9 vol-% ferrite, dendritic ( $D\delta$ ) and interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ).

$\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 11**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 3,9 vol-% ferrite, dendritic ( $D\delta$ ) and interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ).

$\times 150$        $100 \mu\text{m}$



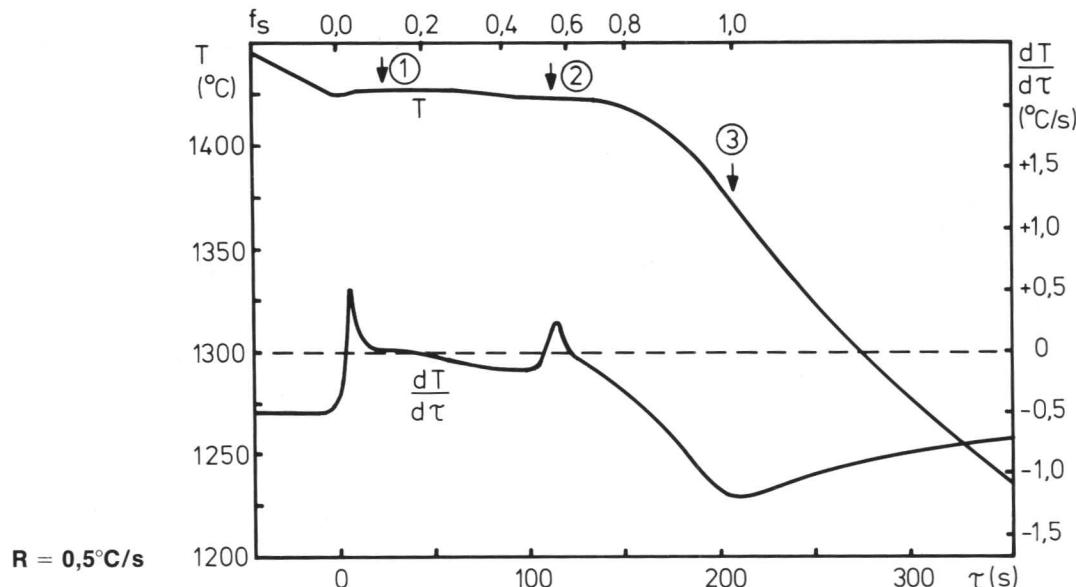
**STEEL 407. 0,02 % C 17 % Cr 13 % Ni 2,5 % Mo STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
2353	316 L	1.4435

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,023	0,53	1,58	0,020	0,006	17,2	13,5	2,63	0,19	0,07	0,004	0,031

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,43$$

**Thermal Analysis**

	Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)		
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, ferritic and austenitic primary phases, °C ①	1423	1427	1428
Temperature of maximum rate of formation of austenite, °C ②	1418	1421	1425
Solidus temperature, °C ③	1345	1375	1380
Solidification range, °C	80	50	45
Solidification time, s	100	210	660
Fraction solidified as ferrite, %	<46	<50	<34

**Precipitates**

Interdendritic ferrite, (see figures, 5, 8–12).

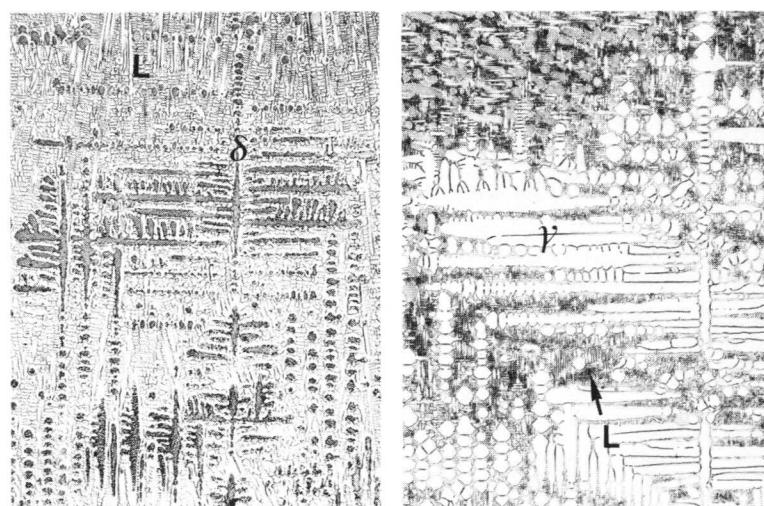
**Microsegregation**

Element	Mn	Cr	Ni	Mo	R = 0,5 °C/s Tq = 1320 °C
I	1,5	1,2	1,2	2,2	
P <sub>ID</sub>		1,2	0,8		

**Partly solidified****Figure 1** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1427^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 55 \mu\text{m}$ 

$\delta$ - and  $\gamma$ -dendrites, growing simultaneously and quenched liquid (L).

$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Completely solidified****Figure 2** $R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 40 \mu\text{m}$ 

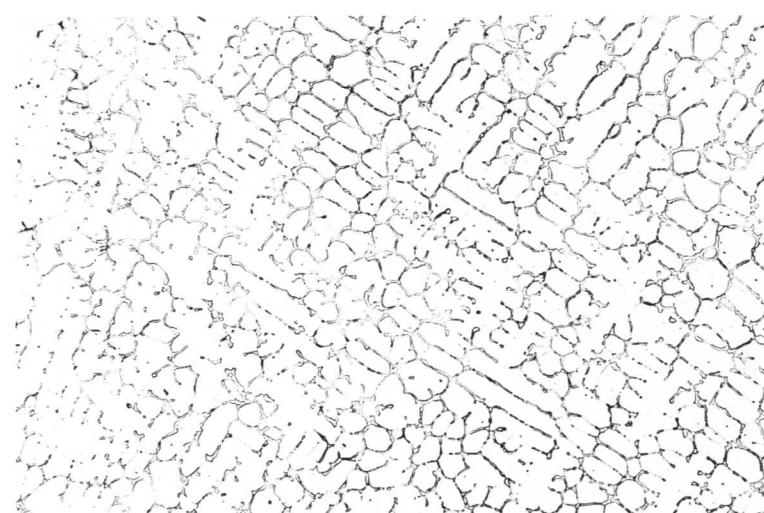
Former  $\delta$ -dendrites,  $\gamma$ -dendrites, dendritic and interdendritic ferrite, (compare figure 9).

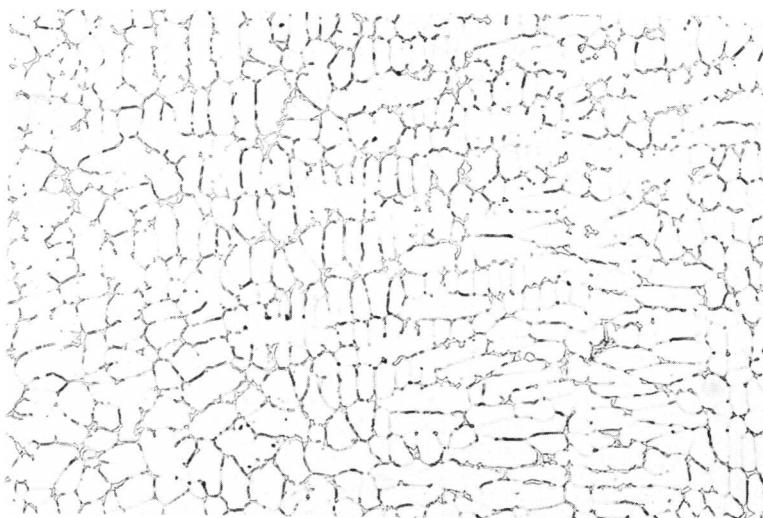
$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 3** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 90 \mu\text{m}$ 

Figures 3–4: Former  $\delta$ -dendrites,  $\gamma$ -dendrites and interdendritic ferrite, (compare figures 10 and 12).

$\times 25$        $400 \mu\text{m}$

**Figure 4** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 100 \mu\text{m}$ 



**Figure 5**

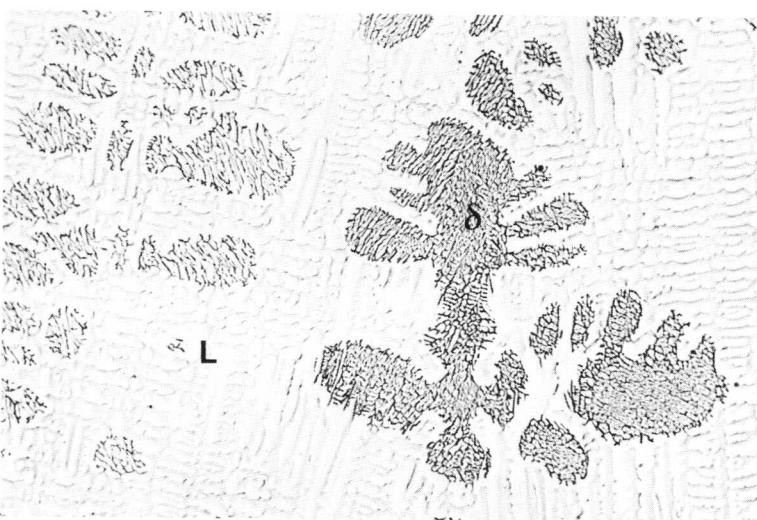
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$

( $d_{1200} = 100 \mu\text{m}$ )

Former  $\delta$ -dendrites,  $\gamma$ -dendrites and interdendritic ferrite, (compare figure 11).

— 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



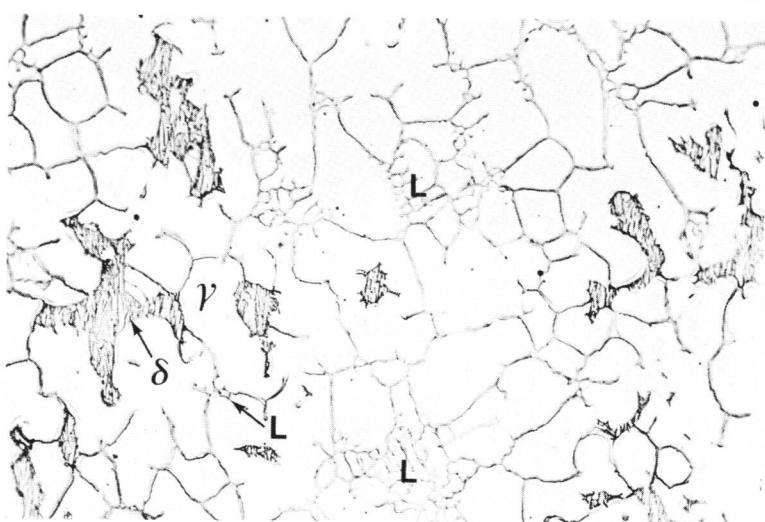
**Figure 6**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1427^{\circ}\text{C}$

$\delta$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L), (compare figure 1).

— 100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$



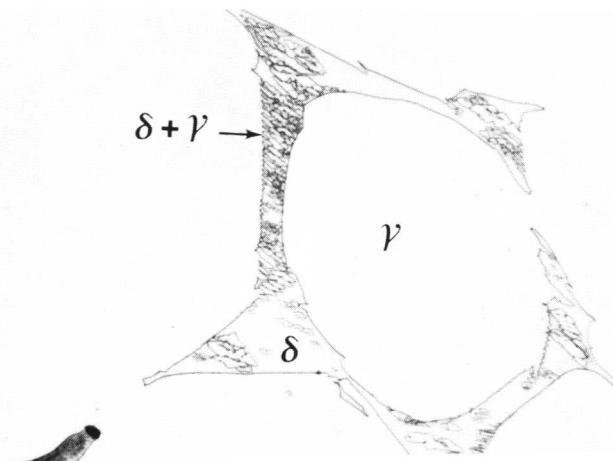
**Figure 7**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1415^{\circ}\text{C}$

$\gamma$  growing into both  $\delta$ -dendrites and liquid.

— 100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$

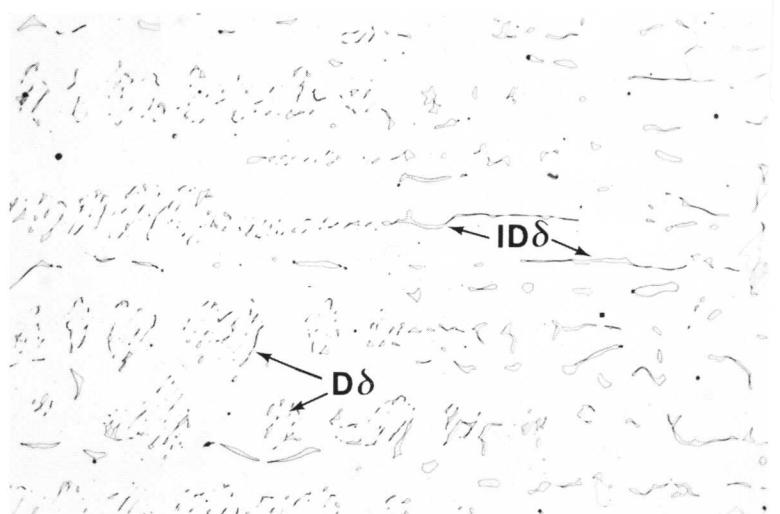
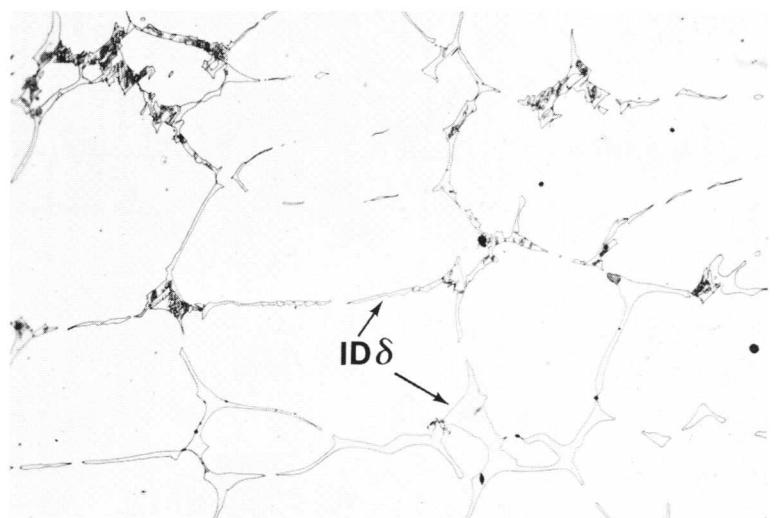
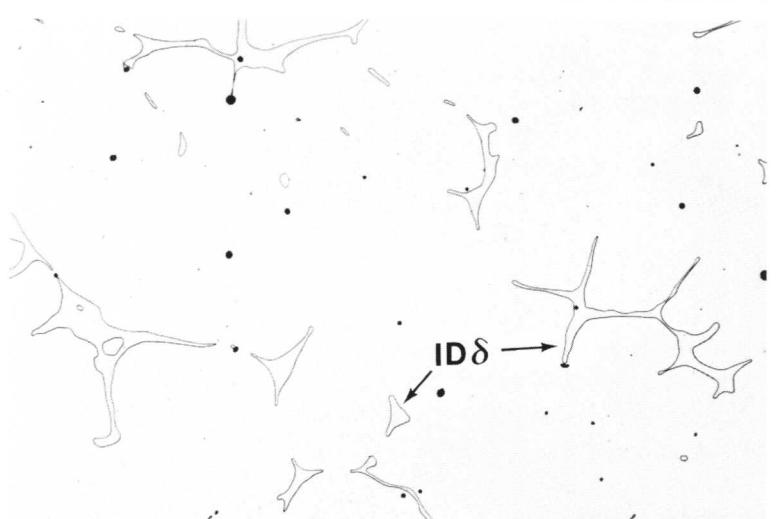
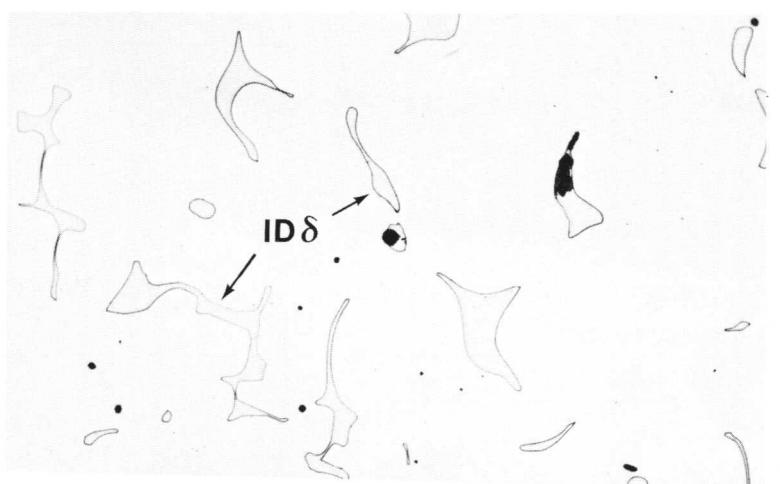


**Figure 8**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$

Austenite precipitated in interdendritic ferrite during quenching. Dark structure in figure 10.

**Figure 9** $R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$ 5,5 vol-% ferrite, dendritic ( $D\delta$ ) and interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ). $\times 150 \quad 100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 10** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$ 5,6 vol-% ferrite, mainly interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ). $\times 150 \quad 100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 11** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$ 3,5 vol-% ferrite, mainly interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ). $\times 150 \quad 100 \mu\text{m}$ **Figure 12** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1320^{\circ}\text{C}$ 4,4 vol-% ferrite, mainly interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ).

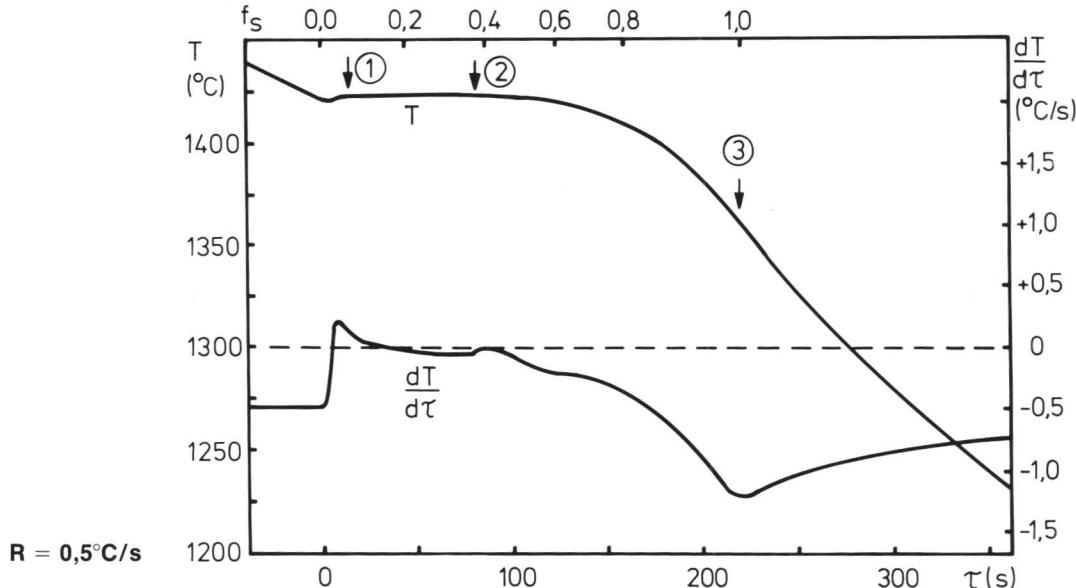
**STEEL 408. 0,05 % C 18 % Cr 13 % Ni 2,5 % Mo STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
2343	316	1.4401

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,048	0,63	1,65	0,018	0,007	17,7	13,4	2,68	0,15	0,07	0,004	0,045

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,42$$

**Thermal Analysis**

	Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)		
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, ferritic and austenitic primary phases, °C	1419	1423	1421
Temperature of maximum rate of formation of austenite, °C	1414	1422	1415
Solidus temperature, °C	1330	1360	1370
Solidification range, °C	85	60	50
Solidification time, s	100	220	670
Fraction solidified as ferrite, %	<36	<35	<34

**Precipitates**

Interdendritic ferrite, (see figures, 5, 8–11).

**Microsegregation**

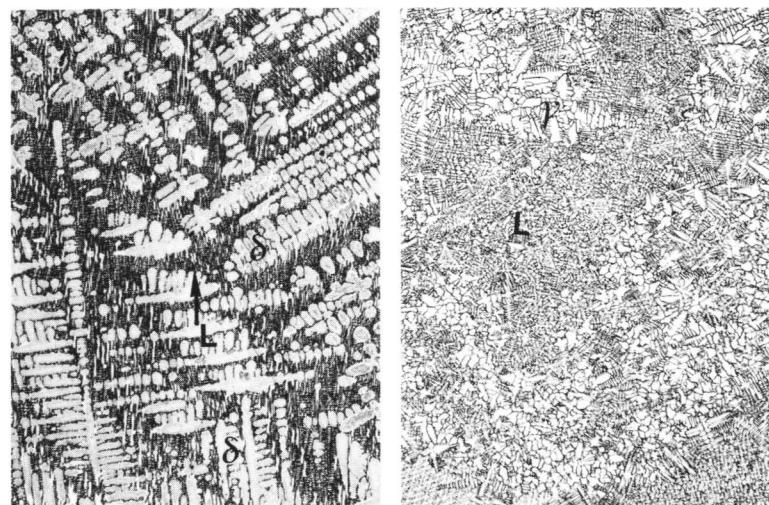
Element	Mn	Cr	Ni	Mo	
I	1,6	1,2	1,2	2,1	$R = 0,5 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C/s}$
P <sub>ID</sub>		1,2	0,7		$T_q = 1305 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

## Partly solidified

**Figure 1**

R = 0,5°C/s  
 T<sub>q</sub> = 1423°C  
 d = 50 µm  
 δ- and γ-dendrites, growing simultaneously, and quenched liquid (L).

× 25      400 µm



## Completely solidified

**Figure 2**

R = 2,0°C/s  
 T<sub>q</sub> = 1305°C  
 d = 55 µm  
 Former δ-dendrites, γ-dendrites and interdendritic ferrite. Some dendritic ferrite can also be seen, (compare figure 8).

× 25      400 µm



**Figure 3**

R = 0,5°C/s  
 T<sub>q</sub> = 1305°C  
 d = 85 µm  
 Former δ-dendrites, γ-dendrites and interdendritic ferrite, (compare figure 9).

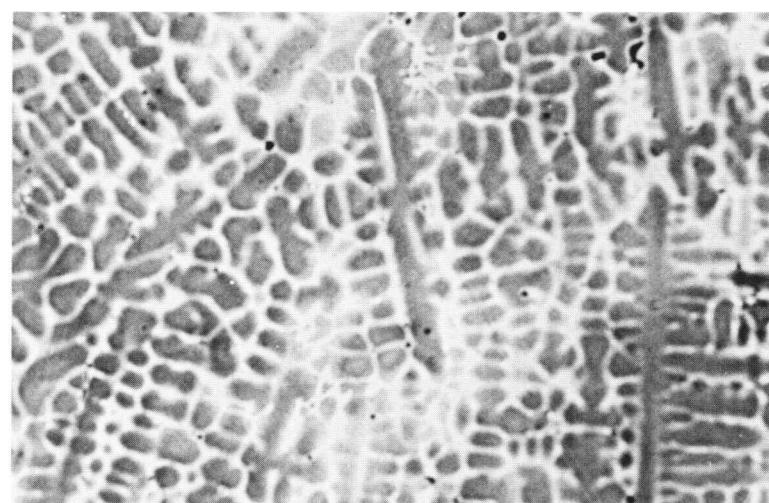
× 25      400 µm

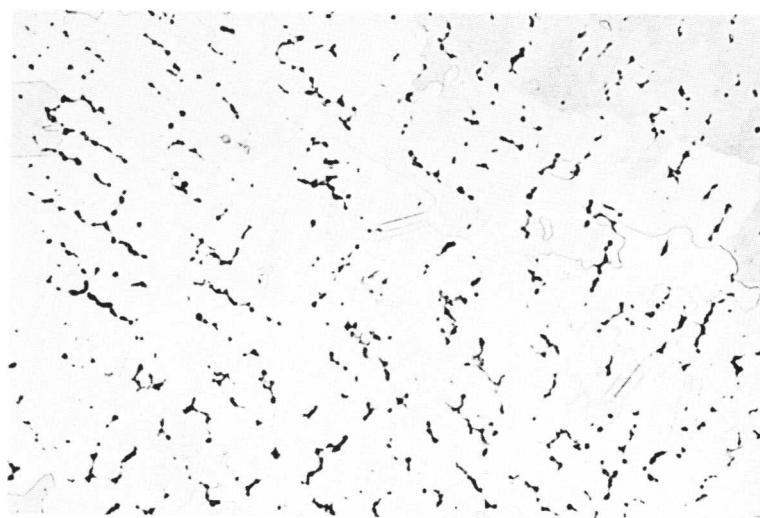
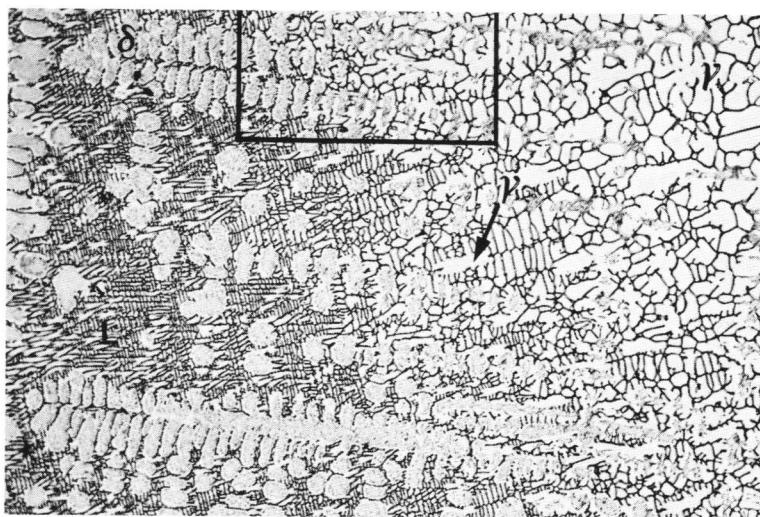
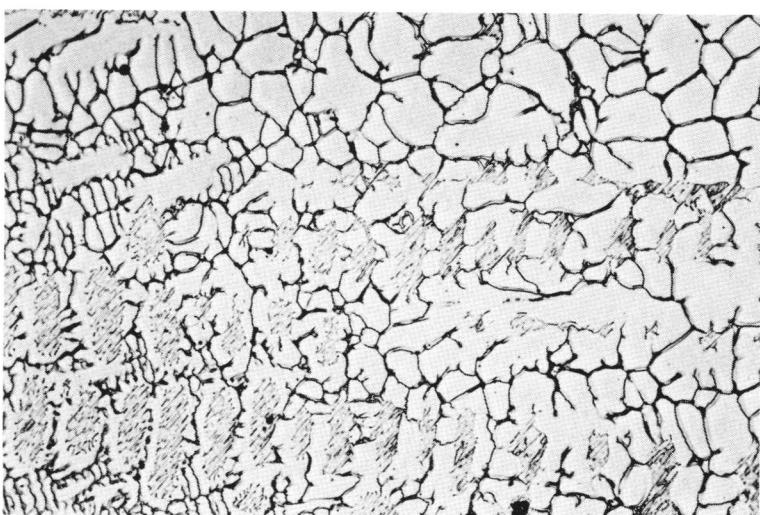


**Figure 4**

R = 0,1°C/s  
 T<sub>q</sub> = 1305°C  
 d = 140 µm  
 Former δ-dendrites and γ-dendrites. White interdendritic areas, (compare figure 11).

× 25      400 µm



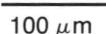
**Figure 5** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$  $(d_{1200} = 190 \mu\text{m})$ Former  $\delta$ -dendrites,  $\gamma$ -dendrites and interdendritic ferrite, (compare figure 10).400  $\mu\text{m}$     $\times 25$ **Figure 6** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1420^{\circ}\text{C}$ Simultaneous growth of  $\delta$ - and  $\gamma$ -dendrites. The transformation of  $\delta$  into  $\gamma$  can also be seen, (peritectic reaction and transformation, compare figure 7). $L$  = quenched liquid.200  $\mu\text{m}$     $\times 50$ **Figure 7** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1420^{\circ}\text{C}$ Transformation of  $\delta$ -dendrites.

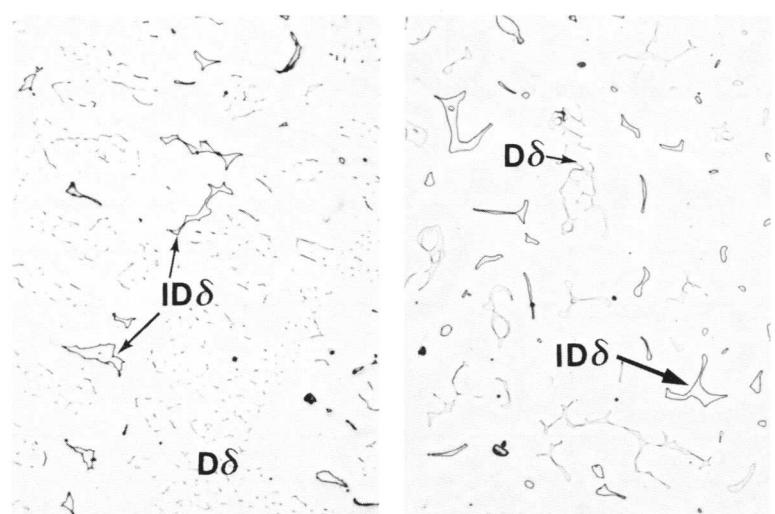
Detail of figure 6.

100  $\mu\text{m}$     $\times 150$

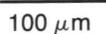
**Figure 8**

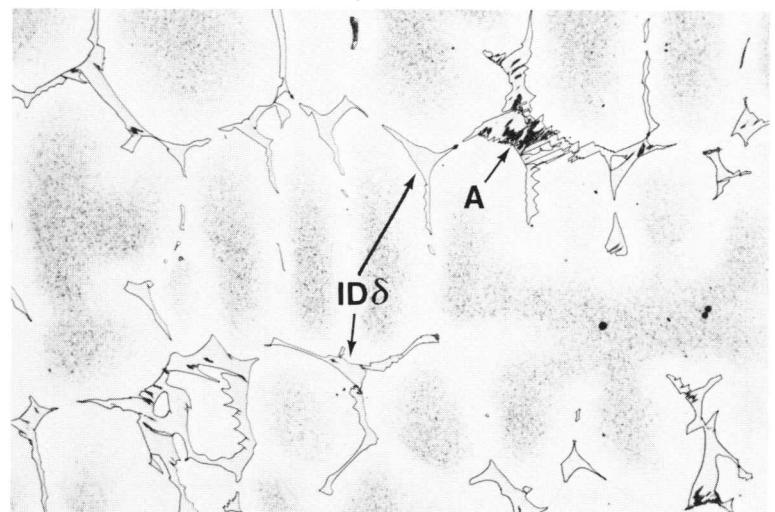
$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 4,0 vol-% ferrite, dendritic ( $D\delta$ ) and interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ).

$\times 150$   100  $\mu\text{m}$

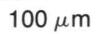
**Figure 9**

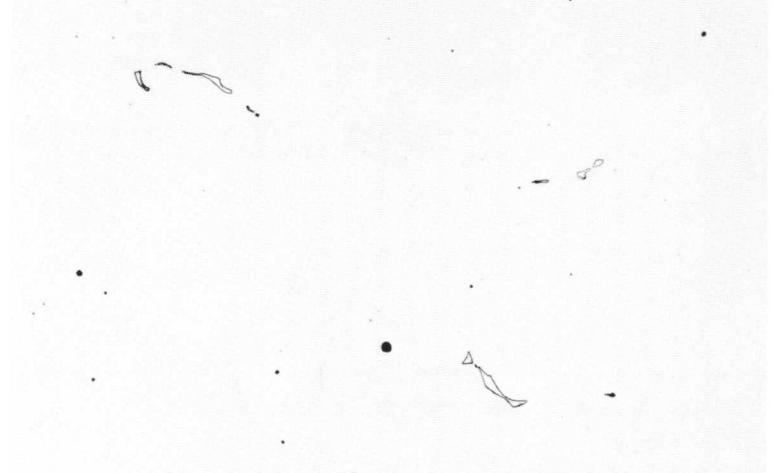
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 5,0 vol-% ferrite, mainly interdendritic ( $ID\delta$ ).  
 (Dark structure (A), austenite precipitated in ferrite during quenching.)

$\times 150$   100  $\mu\text{m}$

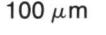
**Figure 10**

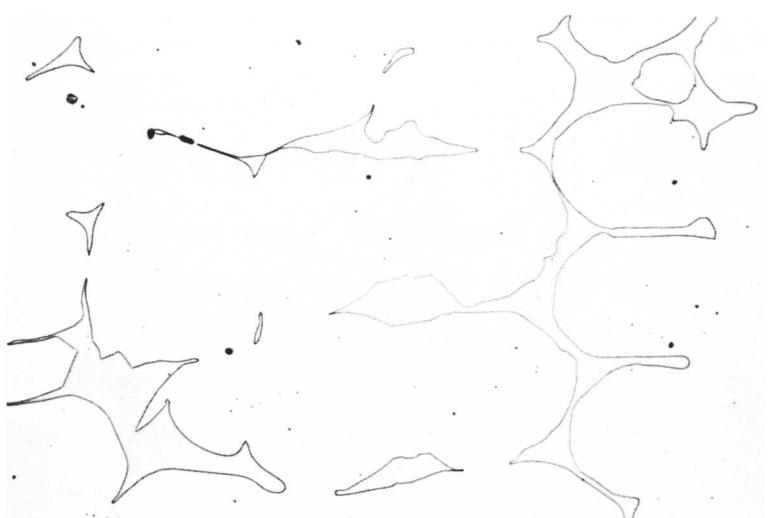
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 0,1 vol-% ferrite, mainly interdendritic.

$\times 150$   100  $\mu\text{m}$

**Figure 11**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 5,5 vol-% ferrite, mainly interdendritic.

$\times 150$   100  $\mu\text{m}$



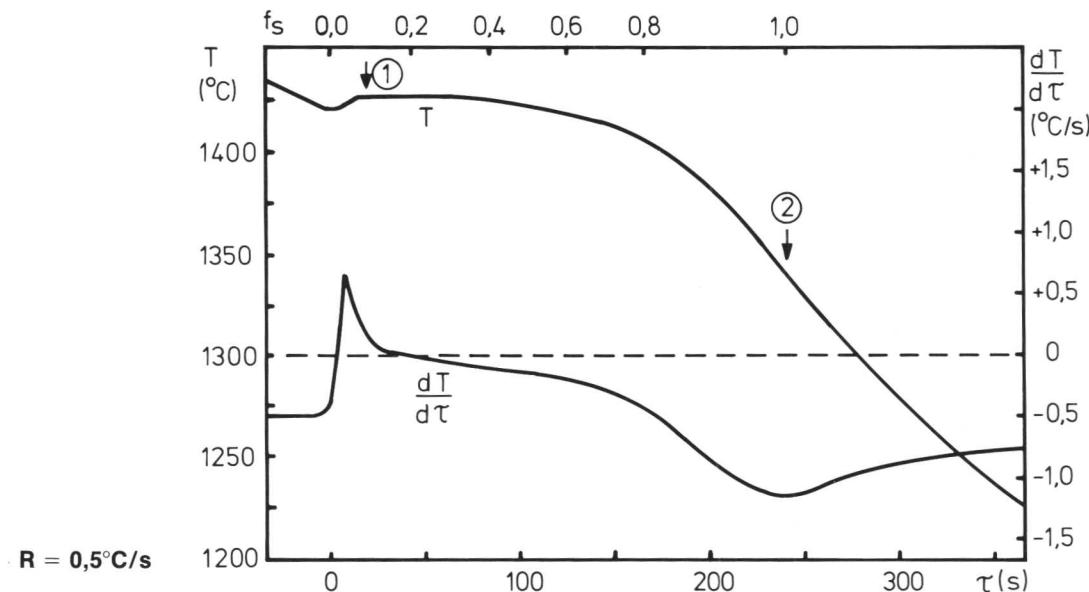
**STEEL 409. 0,02 % C 17 % Cr 13 % Ni 2,5 % Mo 0,2 % N STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
2375	316 N	1.4429

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,024	0,58	1,79	0,009	0,011	17,4	12,8	2,77	0,03	0,03	0,002	0,20

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,32$$

**Thermal Analysis**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

**Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)**

	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, austenitic primary phase, °C ①	1411	1421	1422
Solidus temperature, °C ②	1310	1350	1370
Solidification range, °C	105	70	50
Solidification time, s	85	245	640

**Precipitates**

Interdendritic ferrite, (see figures 5, 8–11).

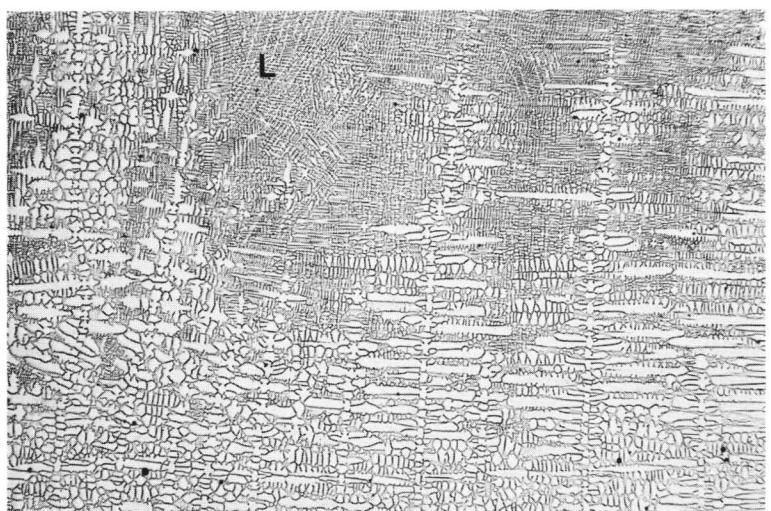
**Microsegregation**

Element	Mn	Cr	Ni	Mo	
I	1,6	1,2	1,1	2,1	$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$ $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Partly solidified****Figure 1**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1415^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 40 \mu\text{m}$   
 $\gamma$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L).

$\times 25$  

**Completely solidified****Figure 2**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 45 \mu\text{m}$   
Figures 2–4:  $\gamma$ -dendrites and interdendritic ferrite.

$\times 25$  

**Figure 3**

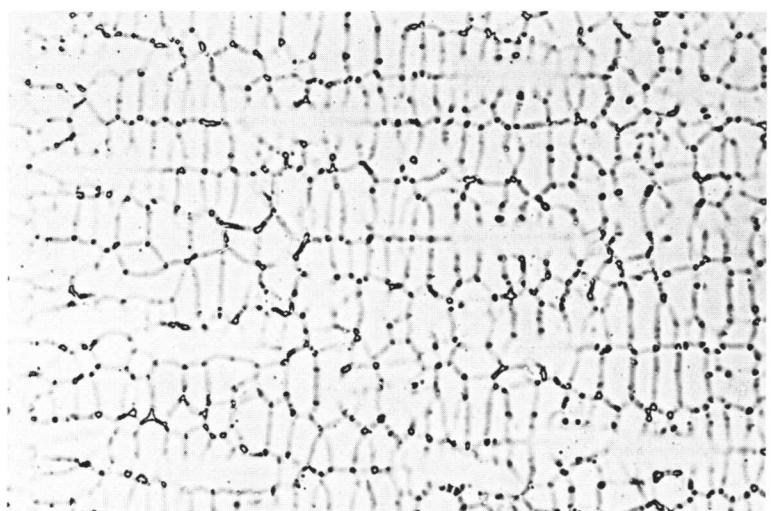
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 70 \mu\text{m}$

$\times 25$  

**Figure 4**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $d = 105 \mu\text{m}$

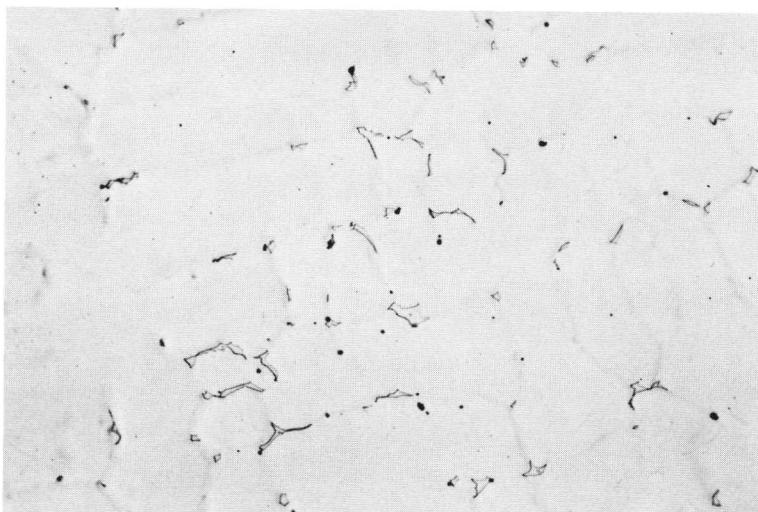
$\times 25$  



**Figure 5**

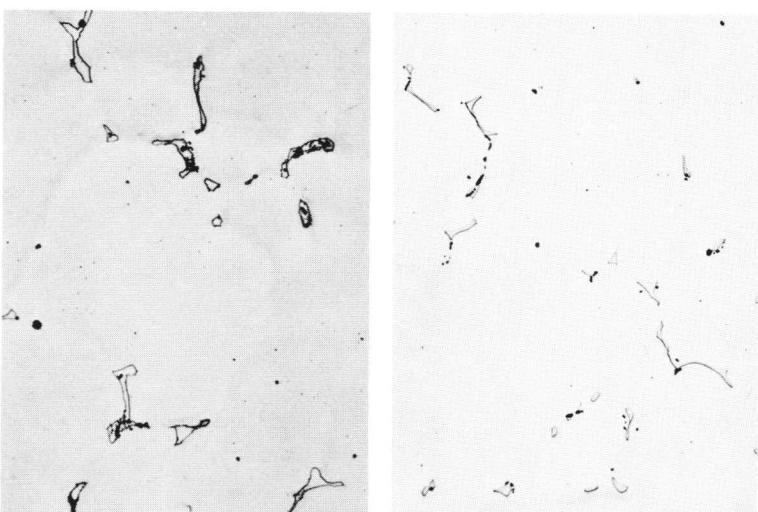
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $(d_{1200} = 75 \mu\text{m})$   
 $\gamma$ -dendrites and interdendritic ferrite.

— 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$

**Figure 6**

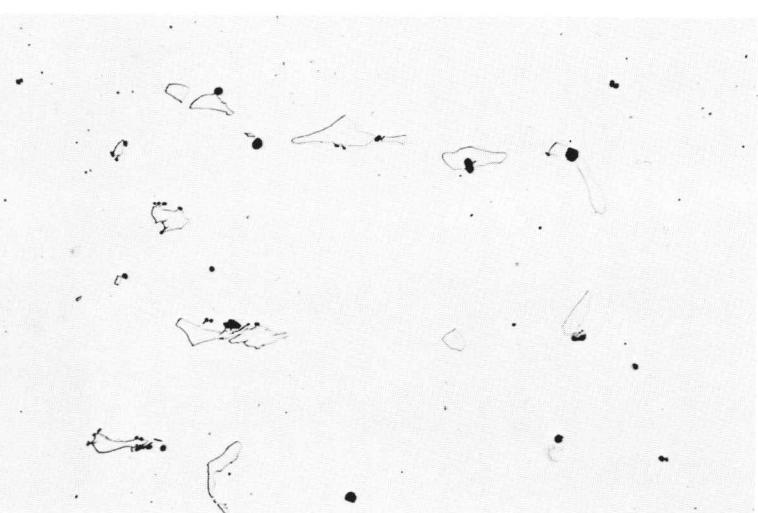
$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 0,8 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

— 100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$

**Figure 7**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 0,8 vol-% inter-  
 dendritic ferrite.

— 100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$

**Figure 8**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 0,1 vol-% inter-  
 dendritic ferrite.

**Figure 9**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1305^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 0,8 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

— 100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$

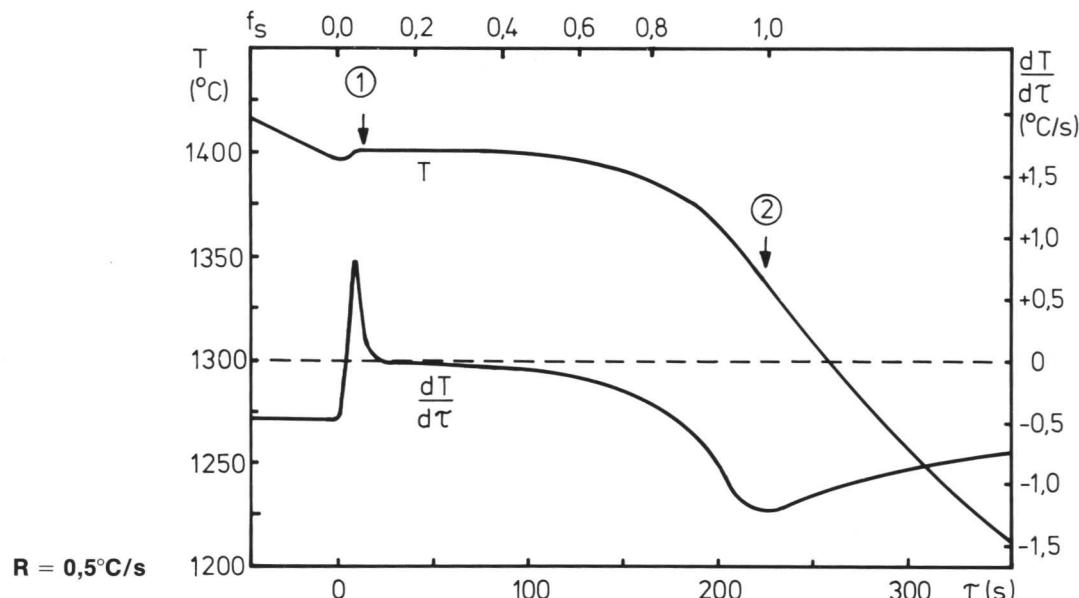
**STEEL 410. 0,01% C 25% Cr 22% Ni 2% Mo STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
—	—	—

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Ti	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,008	0,24	1,77	0,009	0,008	25,1	22,2	2,3	0,02	0,02	0,08	0,002	0,067

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,21$$

**Thermal Analysis****Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)**

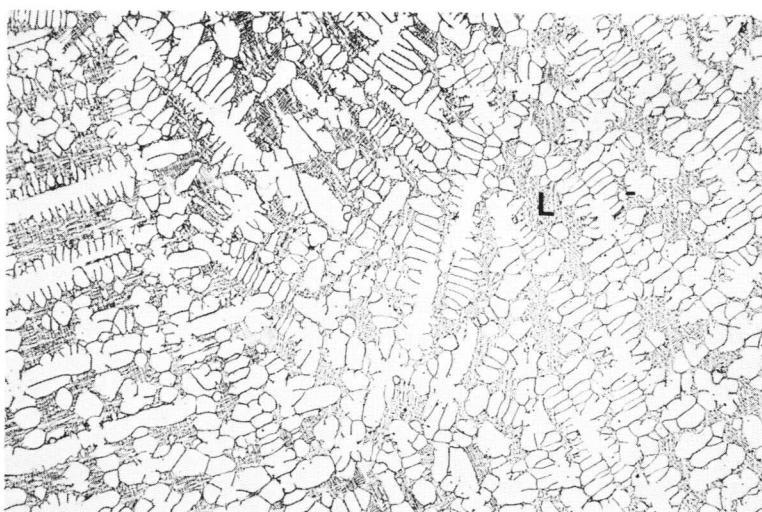
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, austenitic primary phase, °C ①	1401	1402	1401
Solidus temperature, °C ②	1335	1345	1355
Solidification range, °C	65	60	45
Solidification time, s	95	225	700

**Precipitates**

1. Interdendritic ferrite, (see figures 8–11).
2. Sigma-phase, (see figures 6 and 7).

**Microsegregation**

Element	Mn	Cr	Ni	Mo	
I P <sub>ID</sub>	1,6	1,2	1,1	2,3	R = 0,5 °C/s T <sub>q</sub> = 1310 °C



### Partly solidified

**Figure 1**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1398^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 60 \mu\text{m}$

$\gamma$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L).

— 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



### Completely solidified

**Figure 2**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

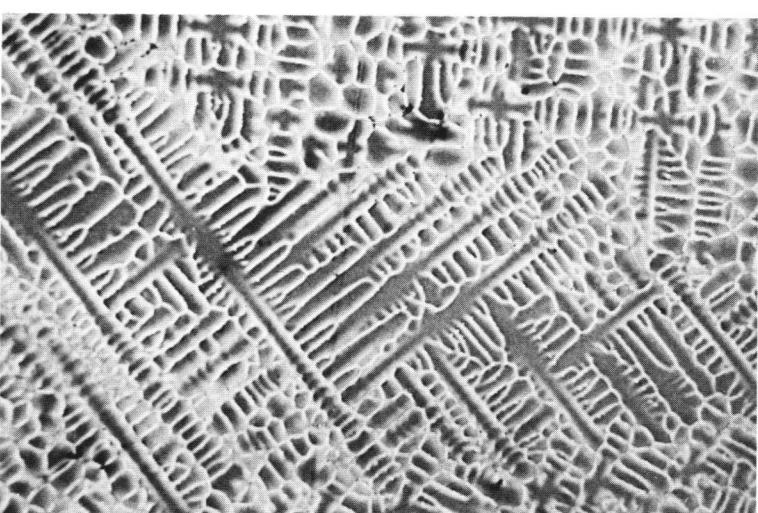
$T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 60 \mu\text{m}$

Figures 2–4:  $\gamma$ -dendrites.

White interdendritic areas.

— 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



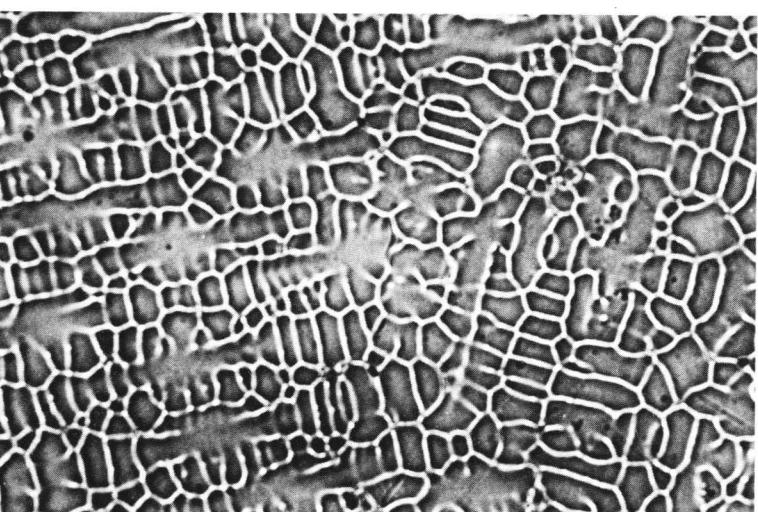
**Figure 3**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 80 \mu\text{m}$

— 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



**Figure 4**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$

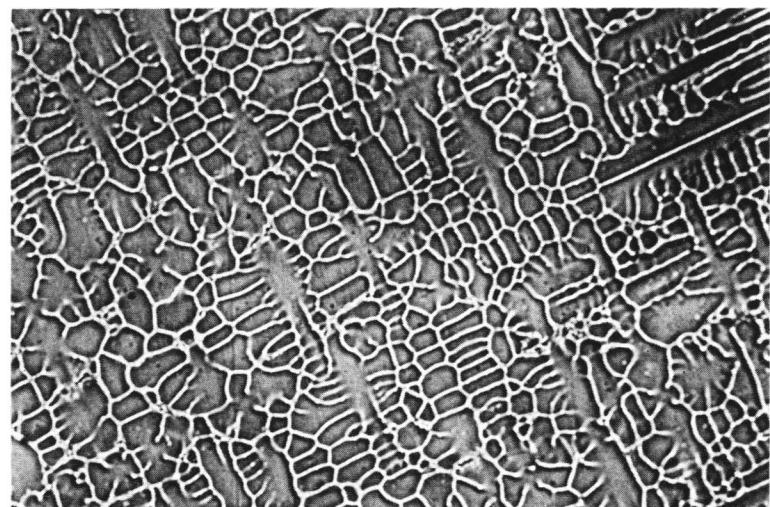
$d = 160 \mu\text{m}$

— 400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$

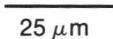
**Figure 5**

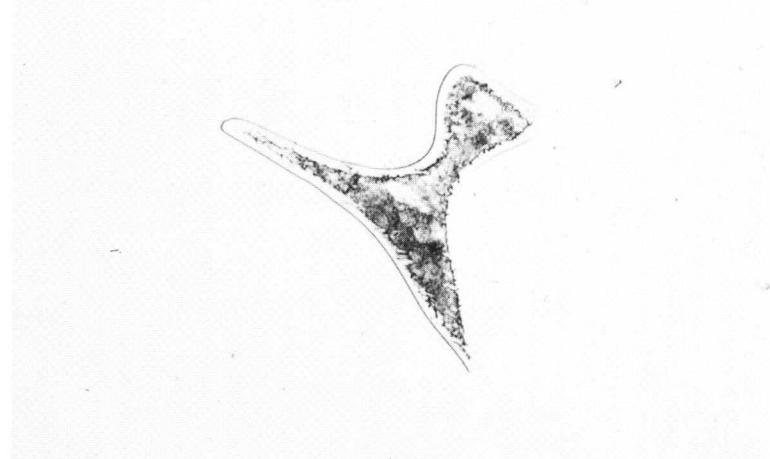
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $(d_{1200} = 110 \mu\text{m})$   
 $\gamma$ -dendrites.  
White interdendritic areas.

$\times 25$       

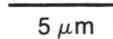
**Figure 6**

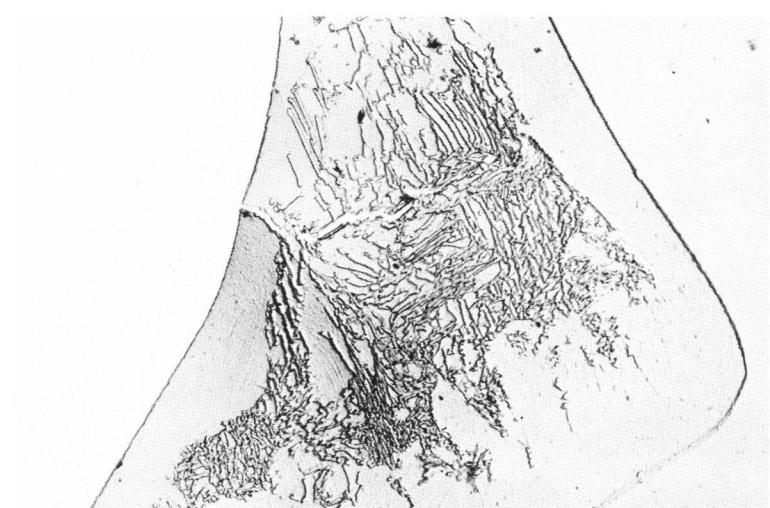
$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Sigma-phase precipitated in ferrite, (dark structure in figures 9 and 11).

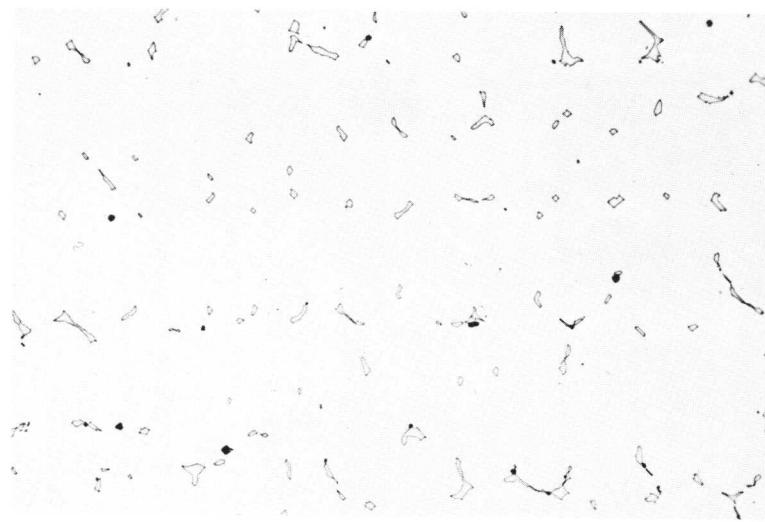
$\times 600$       

**Figure 7**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Sigma-phase precipitated in ferrite.  
(Electron micrograph.)

$\times 3\,000$       

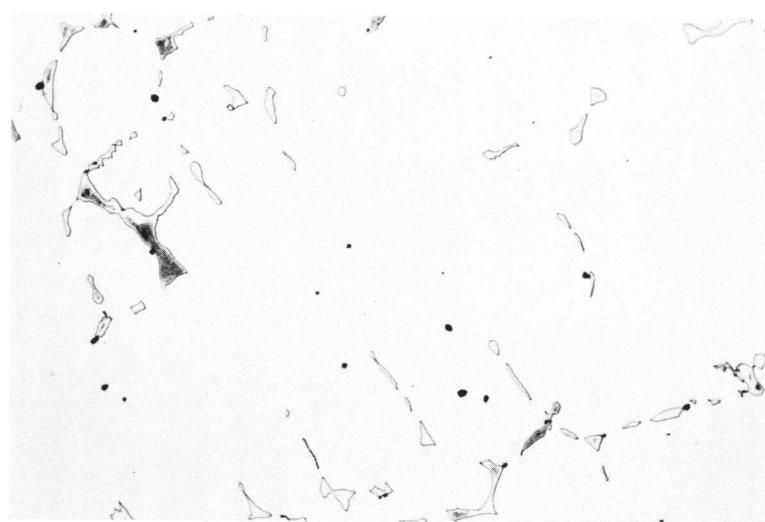




**Figure 8**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$   
1,0 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

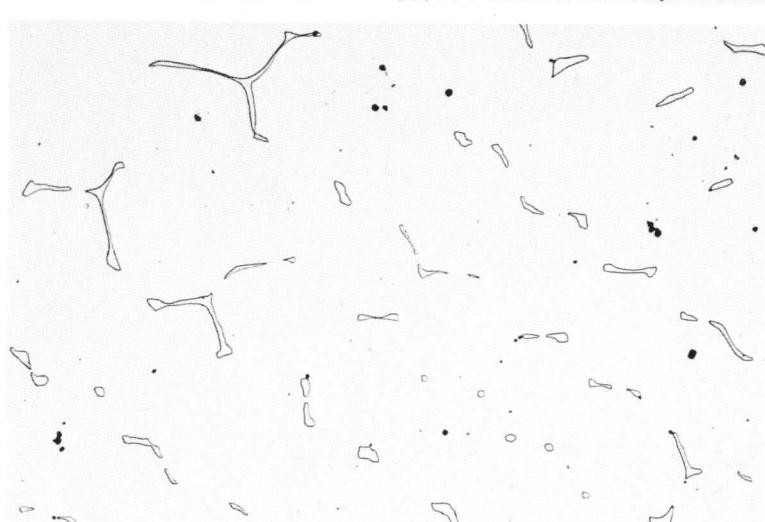
100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$



**Figure 9**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$   
1,0 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

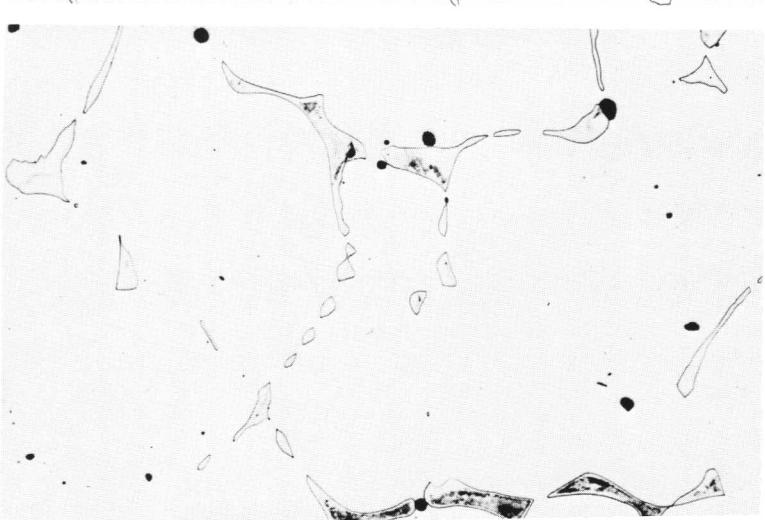
100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$



**Figure 10**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
0,7 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$



**Figure 11**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1310^{\circ}\text{C}$   
1,0 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$

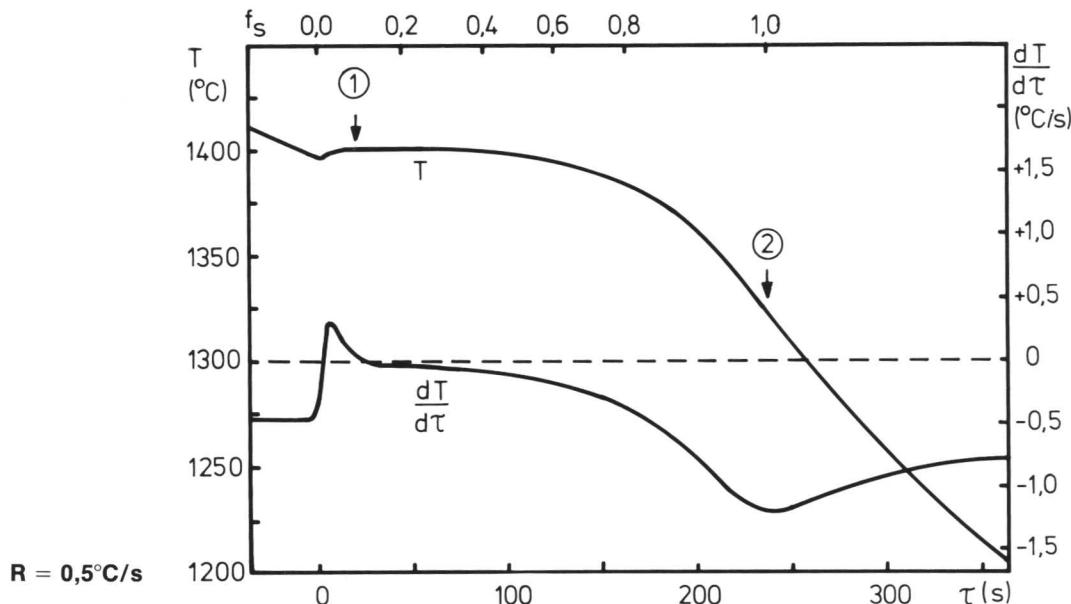
**STEEL 411. 0,07 % C 24 % Cr 20 % Ni HEAT RESISTANT STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
2361	310 S	1.4842

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Ti	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,055	1,20	1,75	0,011	0,008	24,2	20,4	0,08	0,02	0,03	0,09	0,015	0,051

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,15$$

**Thermal Analysis**

	Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)		
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, austenitic primary phase, °C ①	1399	1401	1399
Solidus temperature, °C ②	1315	1330	1350
Solidification range, °C	80	70	50
Solidification time, s	105	230	750

**Precipitates**

Interdendritic ferrite, (see figures 6 – 8).

**Microsegregation**

Element	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	
I	2,4	1,9	1,2	1,2	R = 0,5 °C/s Tq = 1290 °C



**Partly solidified**

**Figure 1**

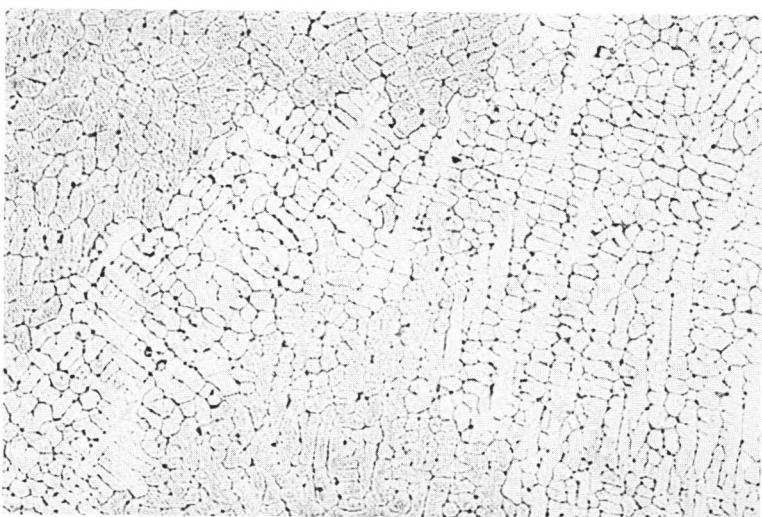
R = 0,5°C/s

T<sub>q</sub> = 1395°C

d = 65 μm

γ-dendrites and quenched liquid (L).

400 μm × 25



**Completely solidified**

**Figure 2**

R = 2,0°C/s

T<sub>q</sub> = 1290°C

d = 55 μm

Figures 2–4: γ-dendrites.

400 μm × 25



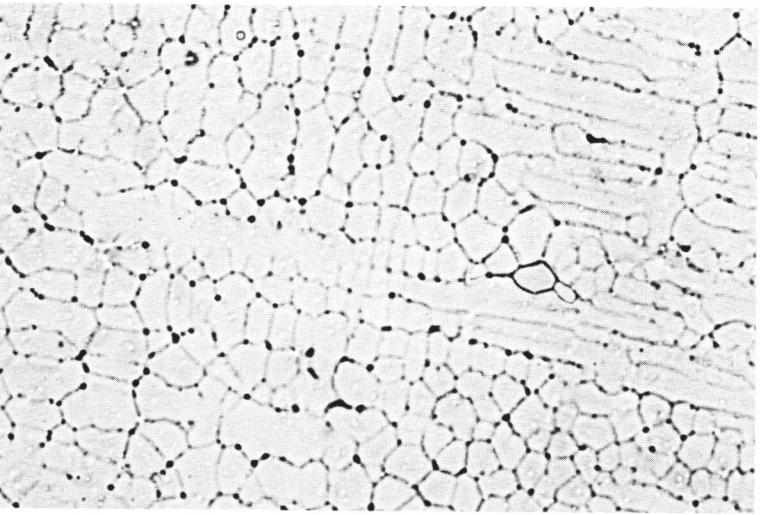
**Figure 3**

R = 0,5°C/s

T<sub>q</sub> = 1290°C

d = 85 μm

400 μm × 25



**Figure 4**

R = 0,1°C/s

T<sub>q</sub> = 1290°C

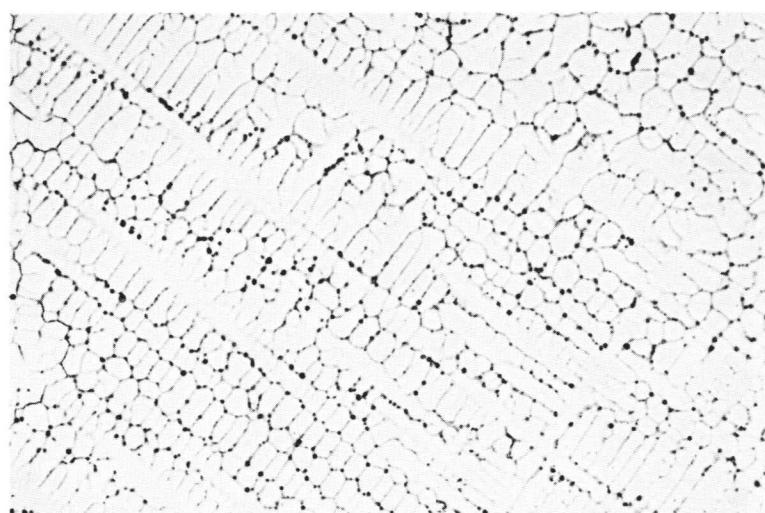
d = 125 μm

400 μm × 25

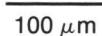
**Figure 5**

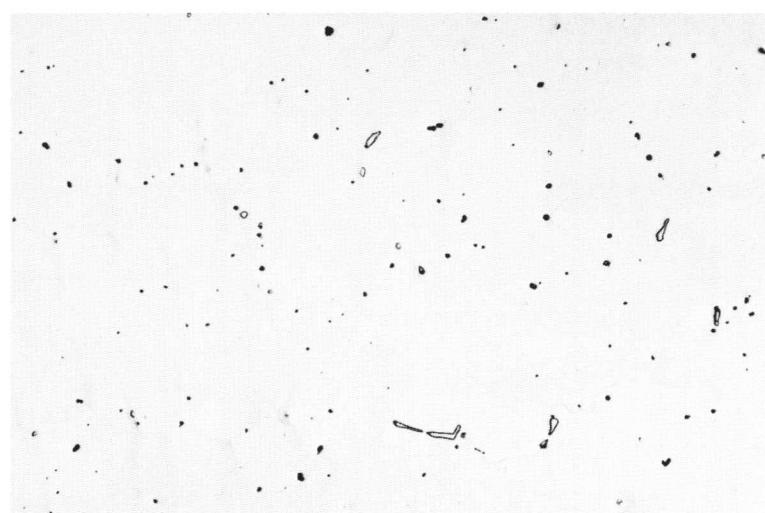
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $(d_{1200} = 90 \mu\text{m})$   
 $\gamma$ -dendrites.

$\times 25$  

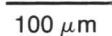
**Figure 6**

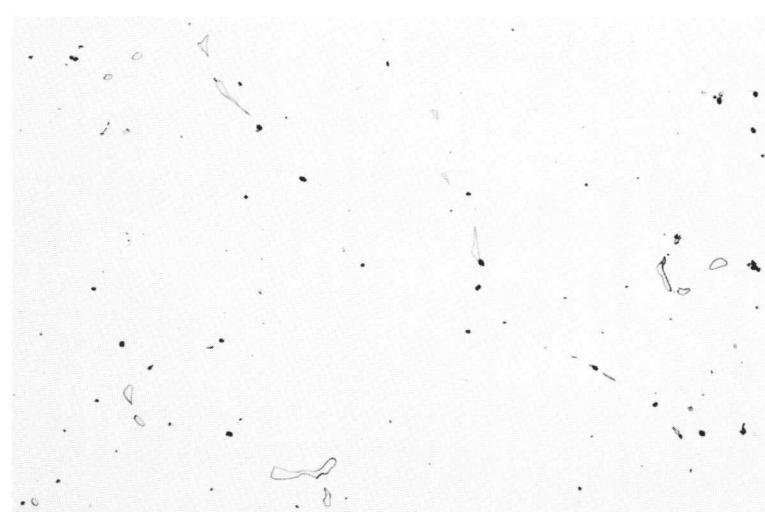
$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1290^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Figures 6–8: Small amounts of interdendritic ferrite.

$\times 150$  

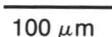
**Figure 7**

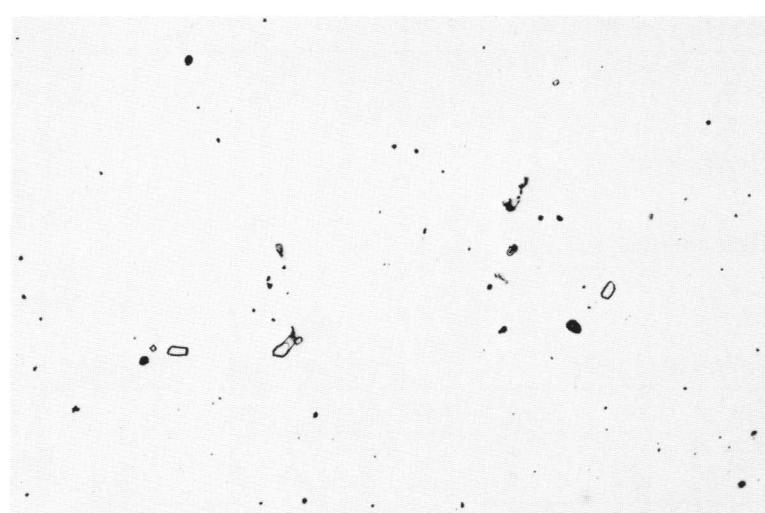
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$

$\times 150$  

**Figure 8**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1290^{\circ}\text{C}$

$\times 150$  



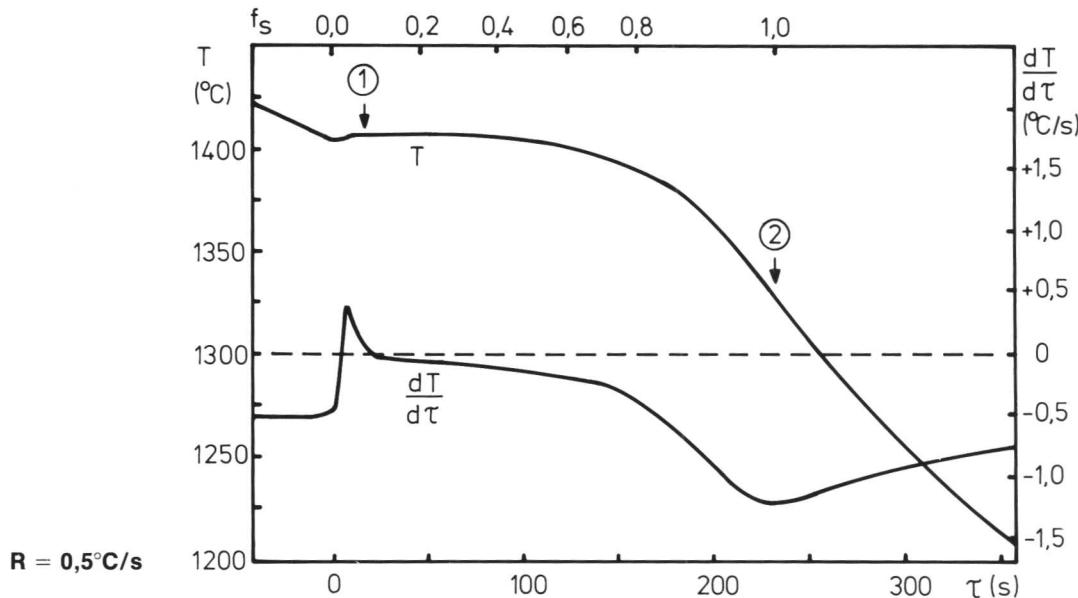
**STEEL 412. 0,1% C 24 % Cr 20 % Ni HEAT RESISTANT STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
—	310	1.4845

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Ti	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,13	0,52	1,67	0,009	0,003	24,3	20,5	0,11	0,03	0,04	0,08	0,023	0,053

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 1,03$$

**Thermal Analysis****Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)**

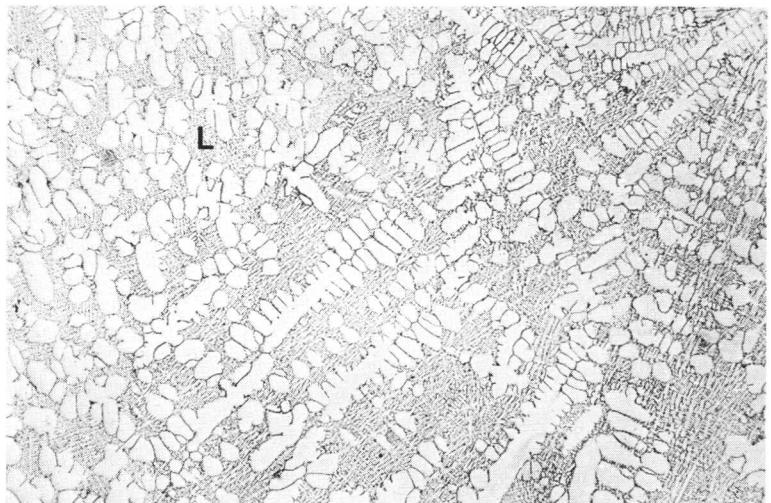
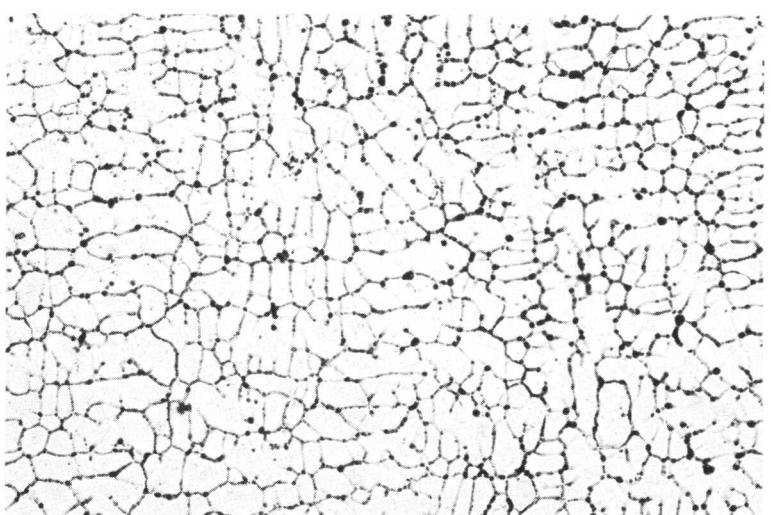
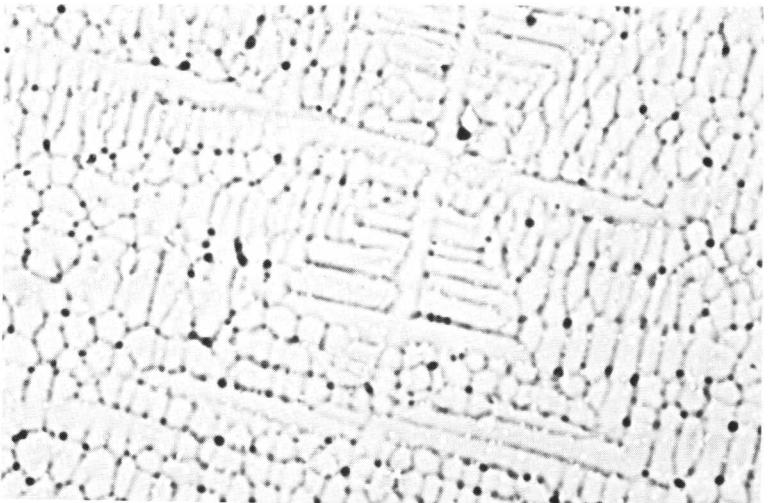
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, austenitic primary phase, °C ①	1405	1407	1405
Solidus temperature, °C ②	1325	1335	1355
Solidification range, °C	80	70	50
Solidification time, s	95	230	690

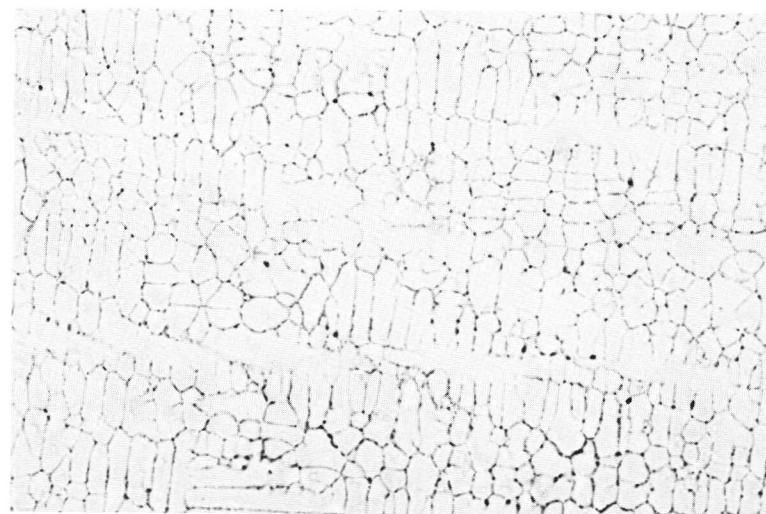
**Precipitates**

Interdendritic ferrite, (see figures 6–8).

**Microsegregation**

Element	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	
I	2,5	1,9	1,2	1,2	$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$ $Tq = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$

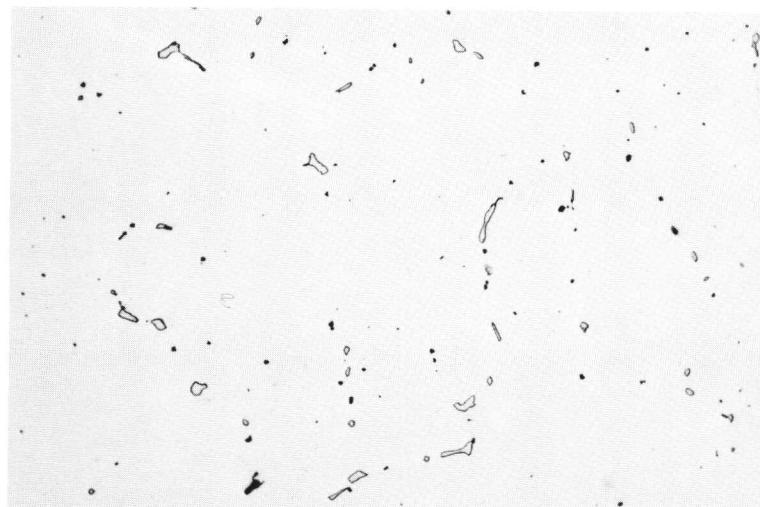
**Partly solidified****Figure 1** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1400^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 60 \mu\text{m}$  $\gamma$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L). $\times 25$       **Completely solidified****Figure 2** $R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 65 \mu\text{m}$ Figures 2–4:  $\gamma$ -dendrites. $\times 25$       **Figure 3** $R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 90 \mu\text{m}$  $\times 25$       **Figure 4** $R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$  $T_q = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$  $d = 125 \mu\text{m}$  $\times 25$       



**Figure 5**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
( $d_{1200} = 100 \mu\text{m}$ )  
 $\gamma$ -dendrites.

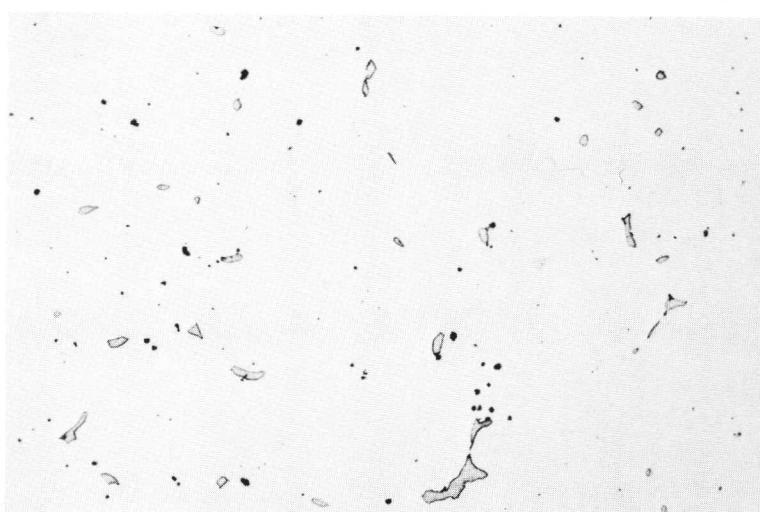
400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



**Figure 6**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$   
0,5 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

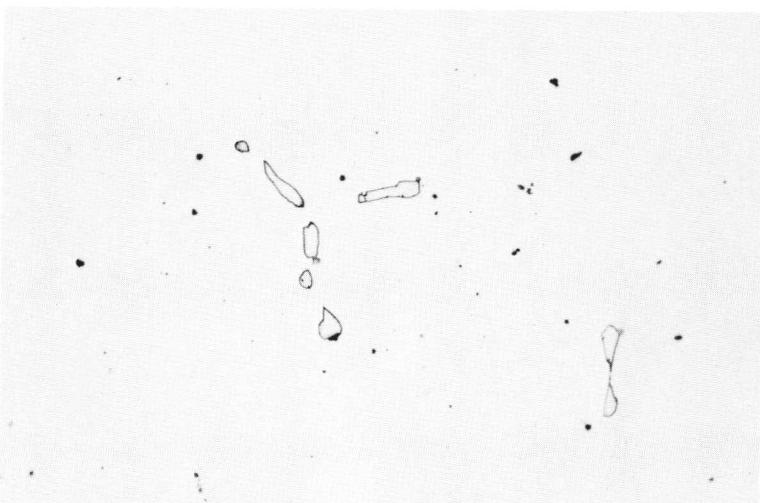
100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$



**Figure 7**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
0,4 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$



**Figure 8**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1300^{\circ}\text{C}$   
0,5 vol-% interdendritic ferrite.

100  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 150$

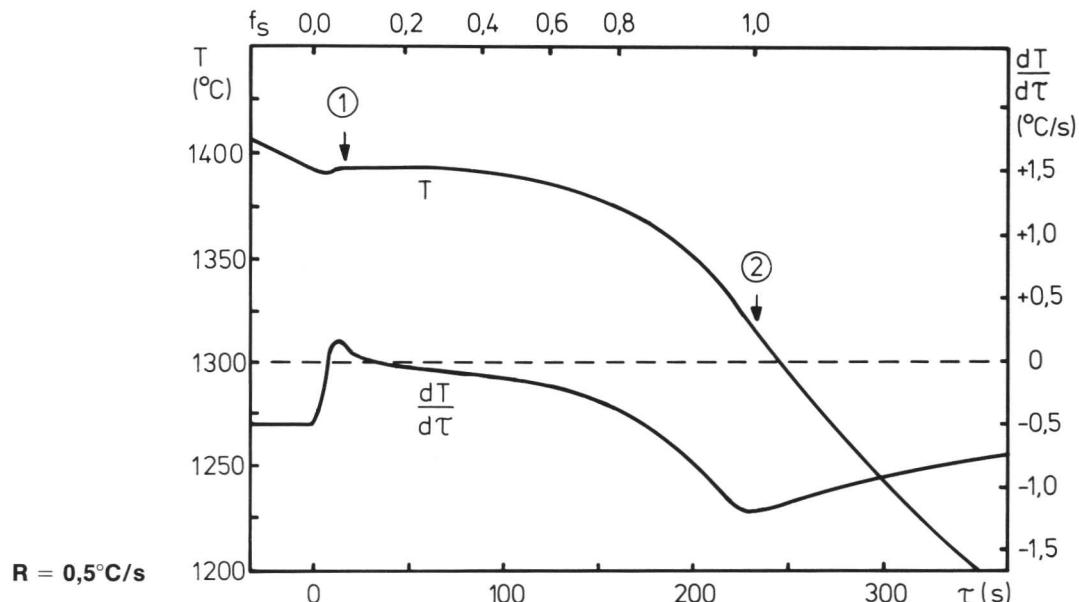
**STEEL 413. 0,01 % C 19 % Cr 25 % Ni 4 % Mo 1,5 % Cu STAINLESS STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
—	—	1.4539

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Ti	Ce	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,013	0,48	1,74	0,007	0,003	19,2	25,1	4,44	1,51	0,02	0,07	0,07	0,034	0,035

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 0,94$$

**Thermal Analysis**

	Average Cooling Rate, R, ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{s}$ )		
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, austenitic primary phase, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ①	1389	1391	1391
Solidus temperature, $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ②	1305	1315	1345
Solidification range, $^{\circ}\text{C}$	85	75	45
Solidification time, s	100	230	760

**Precipitates**

—

**Microsegregation**

Element	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	Mo	
I	1,8	1,7	1,2	1,1	2,0	$R = 0,5 \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{s}$ $T_q = 1280 \text{ } ^{\circ}\text{C}$



**Partly solidified**

**Figure 1**

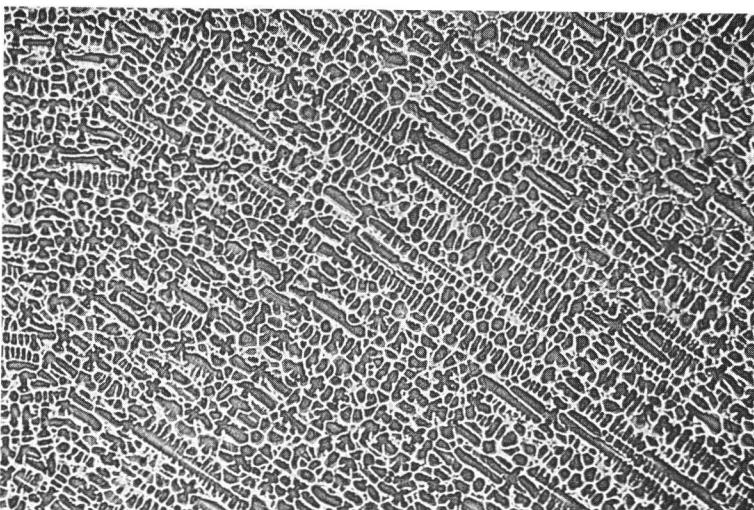
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1385^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 70 \mu\text{m}$

$\gamma$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L).

400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



**Completely solidified**

**Figure 2**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

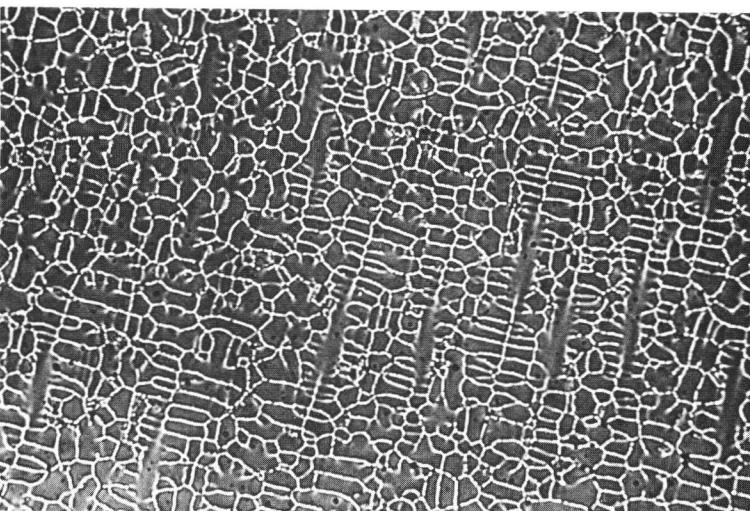
$T_q = 1280^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 55 \mu\text{m}$

Figures 2–4:  $\gamma$ -dendrites.

White interdendritic areas.

400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



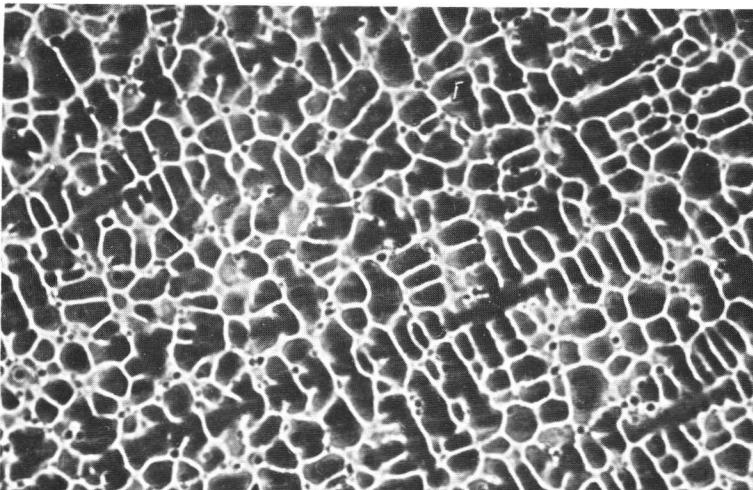
**Figure 3**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1280^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 80 \mu\text{m}$

400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



**Figure 4**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1280^{\circ}\text{C}$

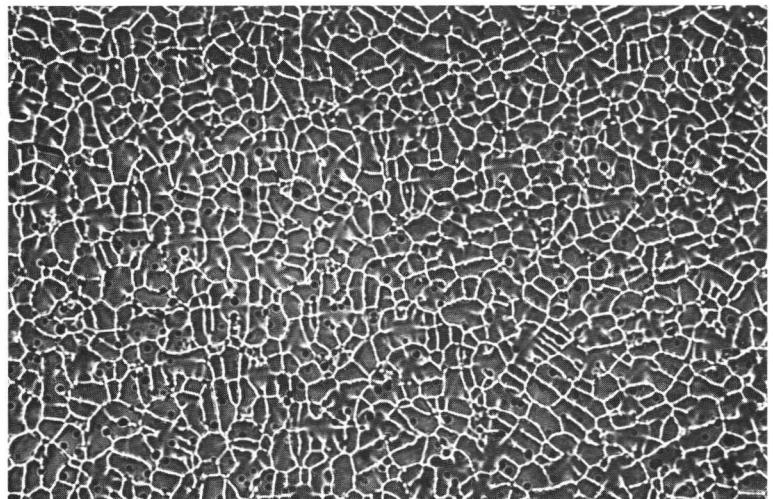
$d = 120 \mu\text{m}$

400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$

**Figure 5**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1200^{\circ}\text{C}$   
( $d_{1200} = 90 \mu\text{m}$ )  
 $\gamma$ -dendrites.  
White interdendritic areas.

$\times 25$       



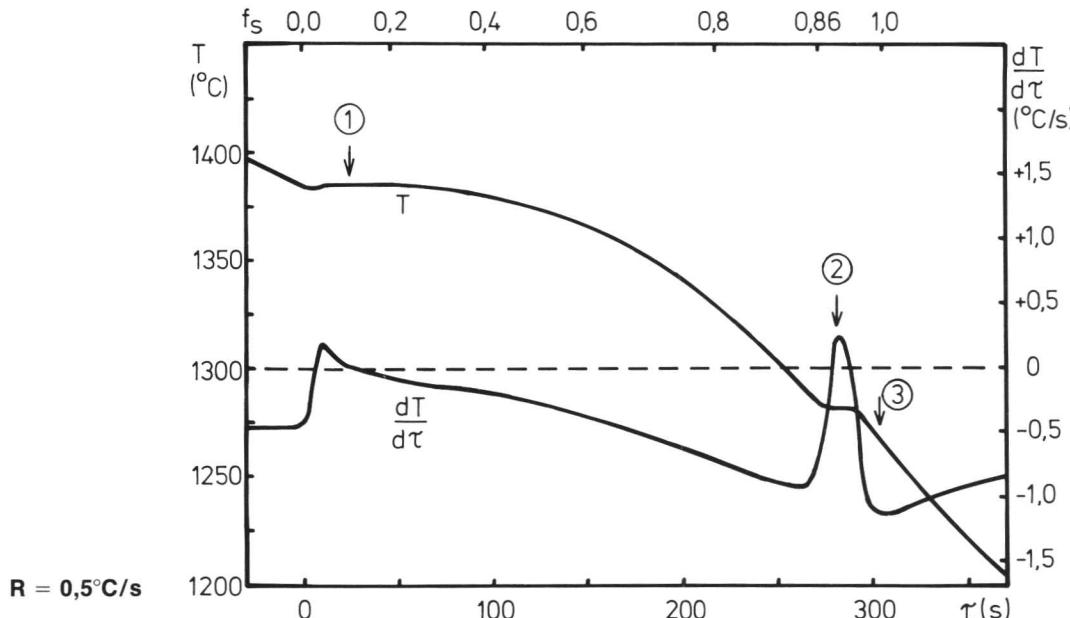
**STEEL 414. 0,4 % C 25 % Cr 20 % Ni HEAT RESISTANT STEEL****Designations**

SIS	AISI	Werkstoff Nr
—	310 HC	—

**Composition (wt-%)**

C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Mo	Cu	Co	Ti	Al <sub>tot</sub>	N
0,41	1,00	1,34	0,007	0,010	25,2	20,6	0,08	0,02	0,06	0,10	0,016	0,022

$$\frac{Cr_{eq}}{Ni_{eq}} = 0,89$$

**Thermal Analysis**

	Average Cooling Rate, R, (°C/s)		
	2,0	0,5	0,1
Liquidus temperature, austenitic primary phase, °C (1)	1383	1385	1385
Temperature of formation of eutectic, °C (2)	1275 – 1260	1285 – 1275	1290 – 1280
Solidus temperature, °C (3)	1260	1275	1280
Solidification range, °C	125	110	105
Solidification time, s	125	290	1140

**Precipitates**

Interdendritic M<sub>23</sub>C<sub>6</sub> – eutectic. The amount of carbide eutectic increased with increasing cooling rate, (see figures 6 – 12).

**Microsegregation**

Element	Si	Mn	Cr	Ni	
I	2,1	1,6	1,2	1,1	
P <sub>ID</sub>	Carbide/γ		1,6		R = 0,5 °C/s T <sub>α</sub> = 1230 °C

### Partly solidified

**Figure 1**

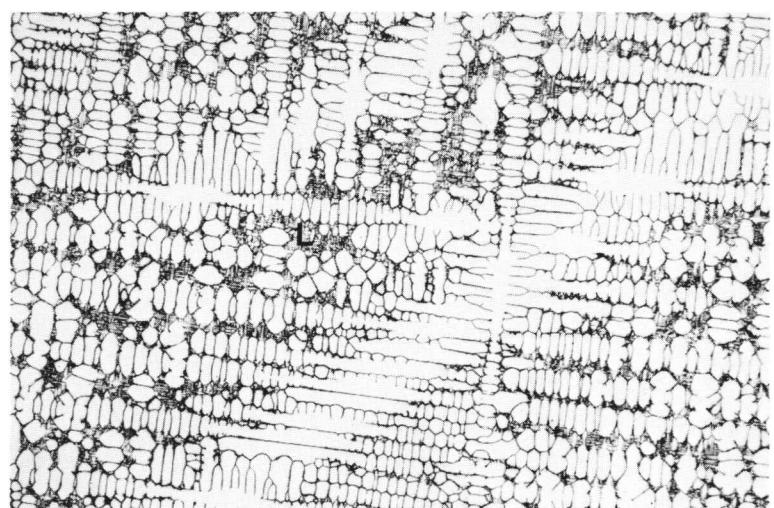
$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1375^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 60 \mu\text{m}$

$\gamma$ -dendrites and quenched liquid (L).

$\times 25$       400  $\mu\text{m}$



### Completely solidified

**Figure 2**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1230^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 50 \mu\text{m}$

Figures 2–4:  $\gamma$ -dendrites and interdendritic carbide eutectic, (compare figures 6–10, 12).

$\times 25$       400  $\mu\text{m}$



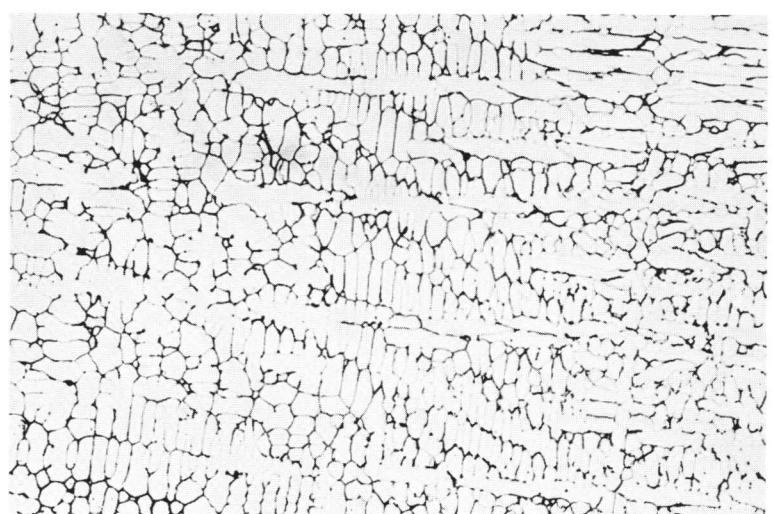
**Figure 3**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1230^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 80 \mu\text{m}$

$\times 25$       400  $\mu\text{m}$

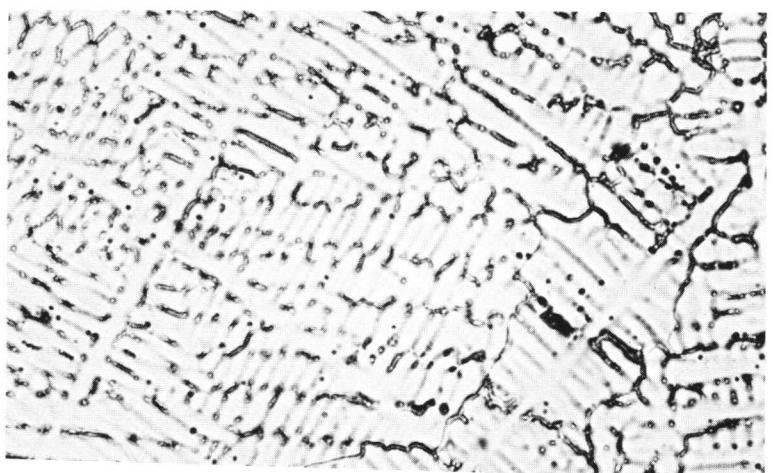


**Figure 4**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$

$T_q = 1230^{\circ}\text{C}$

$d = 105 \mu\text{m}$

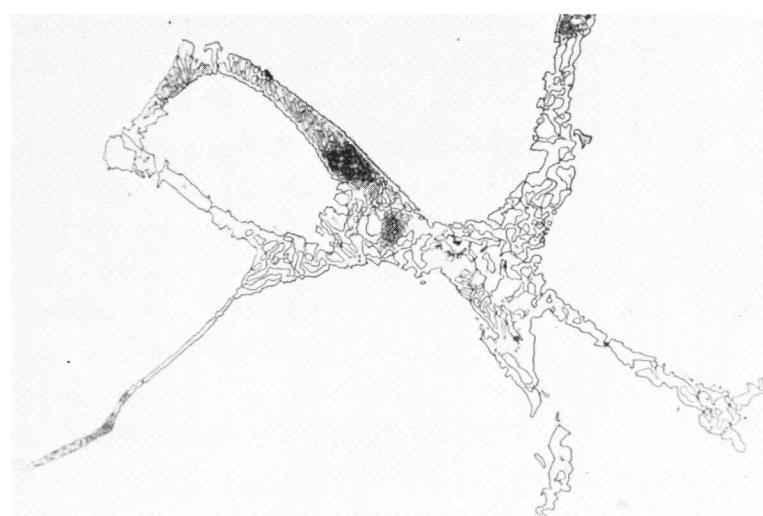




**Figure 5**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1100^{\circ}\text{C}$   
( $d_{100} = 90 \mu\text{m}$ )  
 $\gamma$ -dendrites and interdendritic carbide eutectic,  
(compare figure 11).

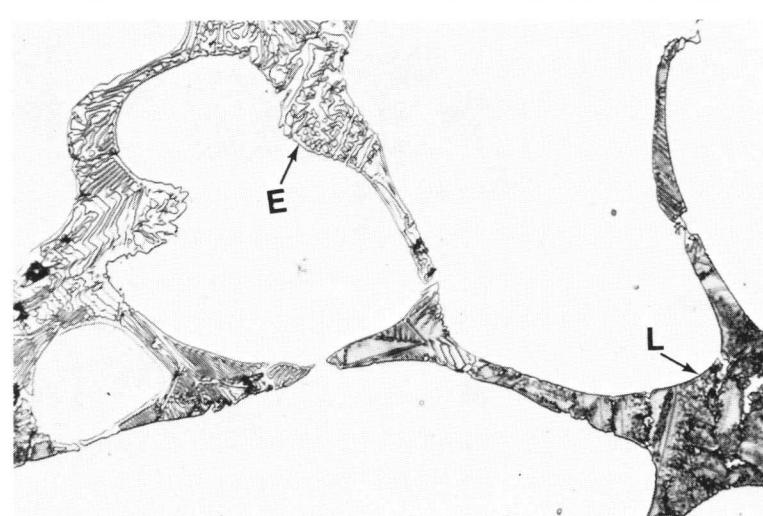
400  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 25$



**Figure 6**

$R = 2,0^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1230^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $M_{23}C_6-\gamma$  eutectic  
Figures 6–8: Note the influence of cooling rate  
on carbide coarseness.

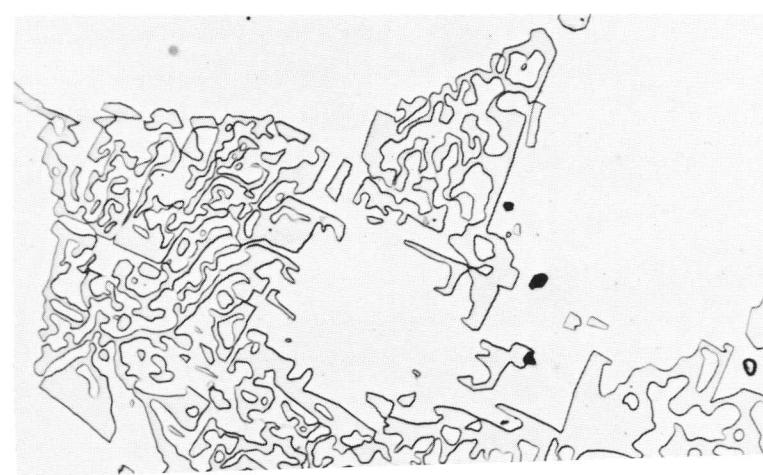
25  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 600$



**Figure 7**

$R = 0,5^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1230^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $M_{23}C_6-\gamma$  eutectic (E)  
and residual melt (L).

25  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times 600$



**Figure 8**

$R = 0,1^{\circ}\text{C/s}$   
 $T_q = 1230^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $M_{23}C_6-\gamma$  eutectic.